FIVE-YEAR REVIEW REPORT

SECOND FIVE-YEAR REVIEW REPORT FOR THE PETRO-PROCESSORS OF LOUISIANA, INC. SITE EAST BATON ROUGE PARISH, LOUISIANA

LAD057482713 LDEQ AI# 2469



Prepared by:

UNITED STATES ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION AGENCY REGION 6 DALLAS, TEXAS

SECOND FIVE-YEAR REVIEW REPORT

Petro-Processors of Louisiana, Inc. (PPI) Site East Baton Rouge Parish, Louisiana

LAD057482713

Summary of Findings

The selected remedies include Monitored Natural Attenuation (MNA), Enhanced Attenuation (EA), long-term monitoring for a period of 30 years, source control, source reduction, natural recovery, and protective fill placement with inspections for a period of 20 years. The Remedial Action (RA) began in 1984 upon approval of a remedial action work plan. Construction complete status was achieved in July 2003. The remedy is in the operation and maintenance phase and is currently protective of human health and the environment.

Actions Needed

NPC Services, Inc. (NPC) is currently operating under an approved Remedial Planning and Activities (RPA) Report for the Scenic OU. This remedial work is necessary to implement the approved Enhanced Attenuation remedy for ground water at the PPI site, Scenic OU. An EA field test was successful completed and demonstrated a significant reduction of contaminant mass in the near-source area of the former waste disposal pit. The findings of these investigations, conducted in accordance with site work plans, have resulted in the expansion of EA in the source area to disrupt the downgradient transport of contaminants. Additional investigations are being conducted to implement the approved EA remedy within the downgradient contaminant plume. The findings of these investigations and any required modification of the remedy, including the Long Term Monitoring Plan (LTMP), will be reported as an addendum to the Remedial Planning Activity (RPA) Report.

Determinations

The remedial actions selected and implemented at the Petro-Processors of Louisiana, Inc., site are currently protective of human health and the environment in the short term. These remedies are anticipated to be protective in the long term with the future implementation of enhance attenuation at the source area and within the contaminant plume at the Scenic OU.

Samuel Čoleman, P.E. Director, Superfund Division U.S. Environmental Protection Agency Region 6

12/28/

Date

CONCURRENCES SECOND FIVE-YEAR REVIEW REPORT

Petro-Processors of Louisiana, Inc. Site East Baton Rouge Parish, Louisiana

LAD057482713

PRP Agent: NPC Services, Inc. President:

SIGNED

William C. Dawson

Date

Concur By: LDEQ Remedial Project Manager:

NED Thomas L. Stafford

Date

Date

12/10/10

Concur By: LDEQ Administrator Remediation Services Division:

SIGNED

Thomas F. Harris

me

Bartolome J. Cañellas (6SF-RL)

Concur By: **EPA Region 6** Site Attorney:

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Concur By: **EPA Region 6** Superfund Branch Chief, Office of Regional Counsel:

Remedial Project Manager:

Concur By: EPA Region 6 LA/OK/NM Section Leader:

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Mark Peycke (6RC-S)

Cathy Gilmore (6SF-RL)

Charles Faultry (6SF

12 Date

Date

Date

Date

CONCURRENCES SECOND FIVE-YEAR REVIEW REPORT

Petro-Processors of Louisiana, Inc. Site East Baton Rouge Parish, Louisiana

LAD057482713

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Concur By: EPA Region 6 Site Attorney:

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SECOND FIVE-YEAR REVIEW REPORT

Petro-Processors of Louisiana, Inc. Site East Baton Rouge Parish, Louisiana

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List of Acronyms

ARARs	Applicable or Relevant and Appropriate Requirements			
BBR	Bayou Baton Rouge			
BQL	Below Quantification Levels			
CD	Consent Decree			
cis-DCE	cis-1,2-Dichloroethene			
COC	Contaminants of Concern			
DCA	1,2-Dichloroethane			
DNAPL	Dense Non-Aqueous Phase Liquids			
DOT	Department of Transportation			
EA	Enhanced Attenuation			
ESQs	Ecological Screening Quotients			
EPA	United States Environmental Protection Agency, Region 6			
Federal Court	U.S. Federal District Court, Middle District of Louisiana			
HAZMAT	Hazardous Material			
HCB	Hexachlorobenzene			
HCBD	Hexachlorobutadiene			
HHRA	Human Health Risk Assessment			
HI	Hazard Index			
HQ	Hazard Quotient			
К	Thousand			
LDEQ	Louisiana Department of Environmental Quality			
LDHH	Louisiana Department of Health and Hospitals			
LICR	Lifetime Incremental Cancer Risk			
LPDES	Louisiana Pollutant Discharge Elimination System			
LTMP	Long Term Monitoring Plan			
LTADS	Liquid Treatment and Disposal System			
MCL	Maximum Contaminant Level			
MM	Million			
MNA	Monitored Natural Attenuation			
MSL	Mean sea level			
MT3D	Modular Three-Dimensional Transport Model			
NPC	NPC Services, Inc.			
NPL	National Priorities List			
OU	Operable Unit			
OSWER	Office of Solid Waste and Emergency Response			
PCE	Tetrachloroethene			
PCOR	Preliminary Close Out Report			
Plaintiff	U.S. Justice Department			
POC	Points of Compliance			
POE	Points of Exposure			
PPI	Petro-Processors of Louisiana, Inc.			
PRPs	Potentially Responsible Parties			
RA	Remedial Action			

RAOs	Remedial Action Objectives			
RME	Reasonable Maximum Exposure			
RPA	Remedial Planning Activity			
RDCP	Remedial Design and Construction Plans			
RT3D	Reactive Transport in 3-Dimensions			
SARA	Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act			
Scenic Highway	U.S. Highway 61			
SRAP	Supplemental Remedial Action Plan			
TCA	1,1,2-Trichloroethane			
TCE	Trichloroethene			
TeCA	1,1,2,2-Tetrachloroethane			
trans-DCE	trans-1,2-Dichloroethene			
VC	Vinyl Chloride			
VOC	Volatile Organic Compound			

Executive Summary

The U.S. Environmental Protection Agency Region 6 (EPA) has conducted this second Five-Year Review for the remedial actions implemented at the Petro-Processors of Louisiana, Inc. (PPI) site located in East Baton Rouge Parish, Louisiana. This second Five-Year Review is being conducted as a policy review at the discretion of EPA Region 6. The PPI site operates under a pre-Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act (SARA) Remedial Action (RA) that will leave contaminants on-site above levels that allow for unlimited use and unrestricted exposure. This policy review was triggered upon completion of the first Five-Year Review, and is intended to evaluate if the selected remedies are protective of human health and the environment.

At sites where EPA is the lead agency, the Region may acquire the services of a contractor or establish agreements with other agencies to perform studies, conduct investigations and/or develop draft Five-Year Review reports. Responsible parties may perform certain support activities; however, the EPA retains the final approval authority. This report is the combined effort of the Industry Defendants, represented by NPC Services, Inc., the Louisiana Department of Environmental Quality (LDEQ) and the EPA.

The PPI site, located north of the city of Baton Rouge, which includes the Brooklawn Operable Unit (OU) and the Scenic OU, was operated as a depository for various petrochemical waste products during the 1960s and the 1970s. In July 1980, the U.S. Justice Department (Plaintiff) filed suit against PPI and the Industry Defendants, alleging that they disposed of wastes at the Brooklawn OU and Scenic OU. On February 16, 1984, the U.S. District Court, Middle District of Louisiana (Federal Court) issued an order approving a Consent Decree (CD) for a remedial action at the PPI site. The PPI site is currently being monitored and maintained according to approved remediation plans that are part of the CD. This second Five-Year Review reports on the remedial status and the protectiveness of the remedies at both the Brooklawn and Scenic OUs.

The area surrounding the PPI site is primarily zoned as M-2, heavy industrial. The nearest concentration of residences is the Alsen Community on U.S. Highway 61 (Scenic Highway) about two miles east southeast of the Brooklawn OU and approximately one mile south of the Scenic OU. There are about one-half dozen residential homes on Springfield Road one and one-half miles east of the Brooklawn OU and out and one-half mile south of the Scenic OU. Land use in the vicinity of the PPI site is largely undeveloped in the bottomlands near the Mississippi River, with some industrial development in the upland areas.

In 1970 a discharge to the Bayou Baton Rouge (BBR) area of Devil's Swamp precipitated a series of legal actions against PPI and its customers resulting in the signing of the CD. The initial response action specified the design of a vault and the

complete closure of the site by excavating, solidifying and land-filling all visible waste along with recovery of deeper waste and treatment by incineration. Air quality monitoring demonstrated releases of Volatile Organic Compounds (VOC) above the previously agreed fence line concentrations. A supplemental investigation was conducted and the Federal Court approved a Supplemental Remedial Action Plan (SRAP). Based on this investigation, a hydraulic containment and recovery option, coupled with incineration was selected as the RA.

Through additional investigations conducted at the site, EPA determined that hazardous substances, including certain Contaminants Of Concern (COC), were found in various site media. COC for the PPI site are: Hexachlorobenzene (HCB), Hexachlorobutadiene (HCBD), 1,1,2,2-Tetrachloroethane (TeCA), 1,1,2-Trichloroethane (TCA), 1,2-Dichloroethane (DCA), Tetrachloroethene (PCE), Trichloroethene (TCE), trans-1,2-Dichloroethene (trans-DCE), cis-1,2-Dichloroethene (cis-DCE), and Vinyl The PPI site posed potential threats to human health and the Chloride (VC). environment through dermal contact with or ingestion of surface soil, ground water or surface water contaminated with hazardous substances, including certain COC. The site also posed potential threats to human health through inhalation of air and airborne particulate matter contaminated with hazardous substances, including certain COC. Ensuing Work Plans, Remedial Planning Activities (RPA), RPA Reports and Remedial Design and Construction Plans (RDCP) expanded or modified the selected RA as site characterization progressed and new remedial technologies became available.

Remedial actions selected and constructed to be protective of human health and the environment are:

- 1. Source control and protective coverings at the PPI site have reduced the potential risks associated with ingestion, inhalation, and dermal contact with site contaminants through surface water and sediment pathways for both human and biota receptors.
- 2. Source reduction at the Brooklawn and Scenic OU by pumping recoverable Dense Non-Aqueous Phase Liquids (DNAPL). Source reduction was discontinued in 2006.
- 3. Placement of a protective fill in the BBR distributaries has reduced risks that were discovered during EPA commissioned risk assessments. Annual inspections have documented that the protective fill continues to remain intact, that the area has been re-vegetated, and has been effective in reducing surface sediment concentrations to protective levels. Biota sampling, completed in 2008, has demonstrated that the protective fill remedy has reduced human health risks from the exposure domain to protective levels.
- 4. Monitored Natural Attenuation (MNA) remedy for ground water at the Brooklawn OU through implementation of a Long Term Monitoring Plan (LTMP) has been shown to be protective of downgradient receptors.
- 5. Enhanced Attenuation (EA) remedy for ground water at the Scenic OU as a source control remedy to disrupt the downgradient transport of COC is currently being implemented.

- 6. Sampling of sediments in BBR south of the Scenic OU has demonstrated that the RA of natural recovery is effective and protective. Sediment sampling was completed in 2009 and demonstrated that the natural recovery remedy has resulted in contaminant concentrations that are significantly below levels that are protective of potential receptors.
- 7. Finally, administrative controls to limit access to the PPI site are in place and continue to be effective in limiting entry to approved site personnel.

The remedy at the Brooklawn OU is protective of human health and the environment, and in the interim, exposure pathways that could result in unacceptable risks are being controlled.

The remedy at the Scenic OU currently protects human health and the environment and is protective in the short-term. However, in order for the remedy to be protective in the long-term, implementation of the near-source and distal end enhanced attenuation actions are necessary to ensure long-term protectiveness.

Source reduction, control and protective coverings over former disposal areas at the site have reduced the known risks associated with ingestion, inhalation, and dermal contact with site contaminants through surface water and sediment pathways for both human and ecological receptors. Placement of a protective fill in the BBR distributaries has reduced risks discovered during risk assessments to acceptable levels. The Brooklawn OU MNA remedy, through implementation of the LTMP, has been shown to be protective of downgradient receptors. Sampling of sediments in BBR south of the Scenic OU has demonstrated that the natural recovery remedy is effective. Finally, administrative controls to limit access to the PPI site are in place and continue to be effective in allowing entry only to approved site personnel.

The remedy at the PPI site currently protects human health and the environment and is protective in the short-term. However, in order for the remedy to be protective in the long-term, implementation of the near-source and distal end enhanced attenuation actions at the Scenic OU are necessary to ensure long-term protectiveness.

Five-Year Review Summary Form

-			-				
Site name (from WasteLAN): Petro-Processors of Louisiana Inc. (PPI)							
EPA ID (from WasteLAN): LAD057482713							
Region: 6	State: LA	City/County:	Baton Rouge / East Baton Rouge Parish				
NPL status: X Final Deleted Other (specify)							
Remediation status (choose all that apply): Under Construction Operating Complete							
Multiple OUs?* X YES INO Construction completion date: 07/31/2003							
Has site been pu	ut into reuse? 🗆] YES 🔀 NO					
_							
Lead agency: 🗵 EPA 🗌 State 🗌 Tribe 🗌 Other Federal Agency							
Author name:	Bartolome J. Cañ	ellas					
Author title: Re	medial Project M	lanager	Author affiliation: USEPA Region 6				
Review period:** 01 / 21 / 2010 to on or before 12 / 22 / 2010							
Date(s) of site in	spection: LDEC	and EPA insp	pection conducted on 04 / 06 / 2010.				
Type of review:		□ Post-SARA □ Non-NPL Re □ Regional Dis	Pre-SARA INPL-Removal only medial Action Site INPL State/Tribe-lead cretion (Policy Review)				
Review number: 1 (first) 2 (second) 3 (third) Other (specify)							
Triggering action: Actual RA Onsite Construction at OU # Construction Completion Other (specify)			□ Actual RA Start at OU# ⊠ Previous Five-Year Review Report				
Triggering action date (from WasteLAN): <u>12 / 22 / 2005</u>							
Due date (five years after triggering action date): <u>12 / 22 / 2010</u>							

* ["OU" refers to operable unit.] ** [Review period should correspond to the actual start and end dates of the Five-Year Review in WasteLAN.]

Five-Year Review Summary Form, cont'd.

Issues:

Enhancement of the natural attenuation remedy is necessary as a source control remedy for ground water contamination at the Scenic OU. Additional investigations are necessary to implement the approved EA remedy within the downgradient contaminant plume. A revised LTMP is being developed to evaluate the effectiveness of the EA remedy.

Recommendations and Follow-up Actions:

NPC is currently operating under an approved Remedial Planning Activities (RPA) Report for the Scenic OU. This remedial work is necessary to implement the approved Enhanced Attenuation remedy for ground water at the PPI site, Scenic OU. An EA field test was successful completed and demonstrated a significant reduction of contaminant mass in the near-source area of the former waste disposal pit. The findings of these investigations, conducted in accordance with site work plans, have resulted in the expansion of EA in the source area to disrupt the downgradient transport of contaminants. Additional investigations are being conducted to implement the approved EA remedy within the downgradient contaminant plume. The findings of these investigations and any required modification of the remedy, including the LTMP, will be reported as an addendum to the RPA Report.

Protectiveness Statement(s):

Brooklawn OU

The remedy at the Brooklawn OU is protective of human health and the environment, and in the interim, exposure pathways that could result in unacceptable risks are being controlled.

Scenic OU

The remedy at the Scenic OU currently protects human health and the environment and is protective in the short-term. However, in order for the remedy to be protective in the long-term, implementation of the near-source enhanced attenuation actions are necessary to ensure long-term protectiveness.

PPI Site

Source reduction, control and protective coverings over former disposal areas at the site have reduced the known risks associated with ingestion, inhalation, and dermal contact with site contaminants through surface water and sediment pathways for both human and ecological receptors. Placement of a protective fill in the BBR distributaries has reduced risks discovered during risk assessments to acceptable levels. The Brooklawn OU MNA remedy, through implementation of the LTMP, has been shown to be protective of downgradient receptors. Sampling of sediments in BBR south of the Scenic OU has demonstrated that the natural recovery remedy is effective. Finally, administrative controls to limit access to the PPI site are in place and continue to be effective in allowing entry only to approved site personnel.

The remedy at the PPI site currently protects human health and the environment and is protective in the short-term. However, in order for the remedy to be protective in the long-term, implementation of the near-source and distal end enhanced attenuation actions at the Scenic OU are necessary to ensure long-term protectiveness.

Other Comments:

None.

Petro-Processors of Louisiana, Inc. Site Second Five-Year Review Report

I. INTRODUCTION

EPA has conducted this second Five-Year Review for the remedial actions implemented at the PPI site located in East Baton Rouge Parish, Louisiana. The first five-year review was conducted from September 2004 through December 2004, and concluded that the selected remedies were protective. This second five-year review was conducted from January 21, 2010 to the approval date and is intended to evaluate whether the selected remedies at the site remain protective of human health and the environment. The findings and conclusions of the review are documented in this report.

This second Five-Year Review is being conducted as a policy review at the discretion of EPA Region 6. The PPI site operates under a pre-Superfund Amendment and Reauthorization Act (SARA) Remedial Action (RA) that will leave contaminants onsite above levels that allow for unlimited use and unrestricted exposure. This policy review was triggered from the completion date of the first Five-Year Review, December 22, 2005.

The PPI site, located North of the city of Baton Rouge, includes the Brooklawn Operable Unit (OU), located off Brooklawn Drive, and the Scenic OU, located off U.S. Highway 61 (Scenic Highway); see Figure 1, Regional Map and Figure 2, Vicinity Map in Appendix F. In the WasteLAN database there are three OUs listed as part of the PPI site, OU #1 is the Brooklawn Disposal Area, OU #2 is the Bayou Baton Rouge Area and OU #3 is the Scenic site. In accordance with the Consent Decree (CD), OU #1 and OU #2 are combined to form the Brooklawn Site and are referred to within this report as the Brooklawn OU. The Brooklawn OU and the Scenic OU, which include portions of Bayou Baton Rouge (BBR) and Devil's Swamp, have been investigated, remediated as necessary, and are currently being monitored and maintained according to approved remedial plans. This second Five-Year Review reports on the remedial

status and the protectiveness of the remedies at both the Brooklawn OU and Scenic OU.

II. SITE CHRONOLOGY

PPI operated the Brooklawn and Scenic sites as depositories for various petrochemical waste products during the 1960s and the 1970s. In July 1980, the U.S. Justice Department (Plaintiff) filed suit against PPI and Industry Defendants, alleging that they disposed of wastes including hazardous substances at the Brooklawn OU and Scenic OU. On February 16, 1984, before the PPI site was added to the National Priorities List (NPL), the U.S. District Court, Middle District of Louisiana (Federal Court) issued an order approving the CD (NPC 1984) for a remedial action at the PPI site. As provided for in the CD, the Industry Defendants designated a remedial plan coordinator, NPC Services, Inc. (NPC), to carry out these activities.

EPA proposed the site to the NPL on September 8, 1983 and added it to the final list on September 21, 1984 (37070 - 37082 Federal Register / Vol. 49, No. 185) NPL Update: No. 1.

EPA approved an Interim RA for the Scenic OU in November 2001 (NPC 2001c), and for the Brooklawn OU in July 2003 (NPC 2003a). A Preliminary Close Out Report (PCOR) was approved also in July 2003 (NPC 2003b).

Table 1 presents a chronology of significant events for the PPI site.

III. BACKGROUND

Physical Characteristics

The Brooklawn OU is located in East Baton Rouge Parish on Brooklawn Drive approximately one and one half miles west of Scenic Highway. The Brooklawn OU covers approximately 80 acres and includes the Disposal area and the adjacent BBR area (see <u>Drawing BK-99-151</u>). The Brooklawn OU has ground surface elevations ranging from approximately 35 feet Mean Sea Level (MSL) along the floodplain of the Bayou Baton Rouge area to an elevation of approximately 75 feet on top of the bluff which borders the northern portion of the site. Former disposal areas include lagoons in the batture area and pits in the bluff area. The Brooklawn disposal area has a minimum elevation of approximately 55 feet MSL. The stratigraphical investigation shows that the site is divided into either Pleistocene terrace or Recent alluvial deposits. Stratigraphically significant permeable zones within the Pleistocene deposits include the Pleistocene water table, the -40 MSL zone, the Intermediate Sand, and the 400foot Aquifer. Permeable zones within the Recent alluvial deposits include the shallow and deep water tables and the semi-confined alluvial zone (Figure 3, Brooklawn OU Conceptual Model).

The Scenic OU is located in East Baton Rouge Parish on the west side of Scenic Highway approximately one-quarter mile north of the intersection of US Highway 61 and State Highway 964. The Scenic OU was a borrow pit for the construction of the overpass at the intersection of US Highway 61 and LA State Highway 964. The disposal area of Scenic OU covers approximately 17 acres and includes a portion of BBR, which was located immediately adjacent to the western end of the waste pit (see Drawing SC-02-100). The stratigraphy beneath the Scenic OU includes a +40 MSL zone, +20 Channel Deposit, -40 MSL zone, Intermediate Sand and the 400-foot Aquifer.

Land and Resource Use

The land surrounding the PPI site is primarily zoned as M-2, heavy industrial. Industrial facilities include Oxbow Calcining, Exide, and a WATCO Co. managed railroad yard. The nearest concentration of residences is the Alsen Community on Scenic Highway about two miles east southeast of the Brooklawn OU and approximately one mile south of the Scenic OU. There are about one-half dozen residential homes on Springfield Road one and one-half miles east of the Brooklawn OU and one-half mile south of the Scenic OU. The East Baton Rouge city/parish landfill is about one mile north northeast of the Brooklawn OU and one mile northeast of the Scenic OU. Jetson Correctional Facility for adolescents is two miles east of the Brooklawn OU and one-half mile southeast of the Scenic OU. The Joint Emergency Services Training Center operated by the Louisiana State Police is located one-half miles northwest of the Brooklawn OU.

Land use in the vicinity of the PPI site is largely undeveloped in the bottomlands near the Mississippi River, with some industrial development in the upland areas; see Figure 1, Regional Map. Most residents in the area are connected to the Baton Rouge Water Supply system. There is one domestic water well in the 400-foot aquifer within one-half mile of the Scenic OU. There are no domestic wells within one-half mile of the Brooklawn OU. The CD identified the 400-foot Aquifer as an aquifer of concern to be protected from infiltration of contaminants originating from the pits and lagoons located on these OUs. None of the 400-foot Aquifer monitor wells have indicated the presence of hazardous substances. In addition to monitoring, the Potentially Responsible Parties (PRPs) have conducted an evaluation of site geology and ground water modeling to assess the potential contamination to this aquifer. Current geochemical conditions favorable to natural and enhanced attenuation and clay layers are protecting this aquifer from hazardous substances.

History of Contamination

PPI operated the Brooklawn OU and Scenic OU as depositories for various petrochemical waste products containing hazardous substances during the 1960s and the 1970s. The Scenic OU received petrochemical waste containing hazardous substances from 1961 to 1974. The Brooklawn OU operated from approximately 1969 to 1978. An estimated 300 K (Thousand) tons of waste were deposited during operations conducted by PPI. This approximate amount includes 125 K tons of solids, 64K tons of sludge and 125 K tons of liquid waste, of which, 52 K tons were non-chlorinated organic liquids, 63 K tons were chlorinated organic liquids and 10 K tons were aqueous liquids. In 1970, a discharge to the BBR area of Devil's Swamp precipitated a series of legal actions against PPI and its clients resulting in the signing of the CD in Federal Court on February 16, 1984.

Site characterization activities performed during the Brooklawn OU investigation included the completion of 537 soil borings, 119 push tubes, 236 core barrels, and 41 vibracores. In addition, 45 sediment, 31 soil, 27 surface water, and 368 ground water samples were collected and analyzed for potential hazardous substances and COC. These activities were completed to define site stratigraphy and assess the nature and extent of free phase and dissolved contamination at the Brooklawn OU presented in <u>Drawing BK-99-121</u>. Site conditions were further characterized during installation of 192 recovery wells.

Additional waste characterization data specific to the Brooklawn OU became available in risk assessments commissioned by EPA (EPA contract number 68-W4-0016; Ecological Risk Assessment, December 6, 1999, and Human Health Risk Assessment December 8, 1999, Devil's Swamp, Baton Rouge, Louisiana). The study area for these risk assessments included the BBR distributaries.

A waste characterization investigation program was completed at the Scenic OU and presented to EPA in Addendum D, Volume 4, to the Remedial Planning Activities (RPA)

Report (NPC 1998). This RPA provided characterization of geotechnical and hydrogeological properties, further definition of site stratigraphy and identified the extent of contamination in BBR. The program included completion of 93 soil borings, 136 ground water samples, 18 push tubes, 16 vibracores, 51 piezometers, and three test wells. Samples of BBR water, sediments and biota were obtained from 18 stations adjacent to the Scenic OU. Investigations at the Scenic OU revealed the migration of dissolved contamination containing hazardous substances laterally away from the waste pit and vertically through a channel in the base of the +40 MSL zone into the underlying more transmissive +20 MSL channel deposit.

Supplemental investigations of the Scenic OU, presented in Addendum H to the Work Plan for Remedial Planning Activities (NPC 2007a), were conducted to assess the potential for enhanced plume attenuation by field testing and to delineate contaminant plume boundaries within the +20 MSL channel. Investigations of the +20 MSL Channel started in January 2008, and concluded in March 2010. During the investigation period, 347 ground water samples were collected and analyzed from 131 locations; a total of 159 locations were interrogated for lithology.

These investigations revealed that the dissolved organic contaminants had migrated via ground water flow gradients to the west approximately 9,300 feet and, to a lesser extent, east (500 feet) from the pit area. Neither free phase organics nor dissolved contamination was detected in any of the site borings completed within the -40 MSL zone, Intermediate Sand, or 400-foot aquifer. Analysis of BBR surface water, biota and sediment revealed the presence of the semi-volatiles Hexachlorobenzene (HCB) and Hexachlorobutadiene (HCBD) and Volatile Organic Compounds (VOC) including 1,1,2,2-Tetrachloroethane (TeCA), 1,1,2-Trichloroethane (TCA), 1,2-Dichloroethane (DCA), Tetrachloroethene (PCE), Trichloroethene (TCE), trans-1,2-Dichloroethene (trans-DCE), and Vinyl Chloride (VC).

Initial Response

The CD specified that plans include the siting and design of a vault in accordance with 1984 RCRA regulations and the complete closure of the PPI site by excavating, solidifying and land-filling all visible waste along with pumping deeper waste and treatment by incineration. The vault was built and waste solidification activities began at the Brooklawn OU in late 1987. During these activities, air quality monitoring demonstrated releases of VOC above the previously agreed fence line concentrations. At that time it was determined that closure could not proceed under the approved plan. A supplemental investigation was conducted in 1988, and the Federal Court approved the Supplemental Remedial Action Plan (SRAP) (NPC 1989b) on August 31, 1989. Based on this investigation, a hydraulic containment and recovery option, coupled with incineration was selected as the RA.

Basis for Taking Action

Through investigations at the PPI site, EPA determined that hazardous substances, including certain COC were found in various site media as presented in <u>Table 2</u>. The PPI site posed potential threats to human health and the environment through dermal contact with or ingestion of surface soil, ground water or surface water contaminated with the hazardous substances and COC. The site also posed potential threats to human health through inhalation of air and airborne particulate matter contaminated with hazardous substances, including certain COC. The selection of remedies and the RA that have been implemented to reduce, eliminate and monitor all known risks are reported in <u>Section IV</u> of this report.

IV. REMEDIAL ACTIONS

Remedy Selection

The CD included a Conceptual Closure Plan designed to guard against contamination of the regionally significant 400-foot aquifer. The CD outlined various activities for the Industry Defendants to investigate, develop, design, and implement remedial actions to effect closure of the PPI site. The 1984 CD became the framework for subsequent Work Plans, the RPA, RPA Reports, Supplemental Remedial Action Plan (SRAP) and Remedial Design and Construction Plans (RDCP) that were developed specifically for the Brooklawn and Scenic OU. Each approved document is incorporated by reference and has become part of the CD.

A remedial action work plan was submitted and approved in 1984. Closure of the PPI site according to the original RA was prohibited due to problems encountered during implementation (see <u>Initial Response</u>). A supplemental investigation was conducted in 1988 resulting in the selection of a hydraulic containment and recovery option, coupled with incineration as the RA. Ensuing Work Plans, RPA, RPA Reports and RDCP expanded or modified the selected RA as site characterization progressed and new remedial technologies became available.

Brooklawn OU

In 2001, Addendum A to the Brooklawn RPA Report, Volume 4, defined all known exposure pathways, documented the remedial actions that were implemented to eliminate exposure pathways (see <u>Remedy Implementation</u>) and proposed RA for the remaining exposure pathways. The principal objectives presented in Volume 4, Waste Processing and Risk Based Remedial Action, were to:

- 1. Identify potential contaminant pathways to human and ecological receptors.
- 2. Evaluate pathways and, if complete, quantify the risk.
- 3. Develop a remedial plan to reduce any unacceptable risks to levels that are protective of human health and the environment.
- 4. Develop a comprehensive long-range monitoring plan to measure the efficacy of the remedial action.

The RPA Report (NPC 2001b) concluded that two exposure pathways existed requiring further remedial action. These exposure pathways were (1) surface materials in Bayou Baton Rouge sediments contaminated with HCB and HCBD immediately south of the Brooklawn OU and (2) ground water below the Brooklawn OU containing the following hazardous substances: TeCA, TCA, DCA, PCE, TCE, cis-DCE, trans-DCE, and VC.

EPA conducted a comprehensive Human Health Risk Assessment (HHRA) (EPA 1999b) in Devil's Swamp that concluded only HCB and HCBD in crawfish produced a significant risk to human health. Receptor modeling for the Brooklawn OU was conducted using Reactive Transport in 3-Dimensions (RT3D), a transport model for simulation of advection, dispersion and chemical reactions of contaminants in ground water systems. A predictive simulation of 30 years was performed to model any impacts that may occur to the 400-foot aquifer based on the "present day" (year 2000) distribution of dissolved COC. Results of the RT3D receptor modeling at the Brooklawn OU demonstrated that the contaminant plume would reach equilibrium through natural attenuation within the model period without affecting sensitive receptors. The results of this modeling were reported in Addendum A to the RPA Report (NPC 2001b). In 2001 the EPA and the Louisiana Department of Environmental Quality (LDEQ) approved Addendum A to the RPA. This resulted in the selection of Monitored Natural Attenuation (MNA) and source reduction for ground water contamination and the placement of a protective fill in the Middle Channel of the BBR area distributaries (Drawing 020-C-339 rev 2) as the RA. Included, as part of the RA, is a Long Term Monitoring Plan (LTMP). The LTMP for the Brooklawn OU includes the following objectives:

- 1. For at least 30 years, monitoring the contaminant plume and geochemical parameters in the subsurface to evaluate the effectiveness of the natural attenuation process;
- 2. For 20 years, inspection of the Bayou Baton Rouge fill material to assure continued conformance with performance requirements;
- 3. For at least 3 years, collection and analysis of crawfish from the Bayou Baton Rouge Channels and North Swamp sub-areas to assure the success of the remedial action; and

4. For at least 30 years, protect the identified down gradient Points of Exposure (POE) (the Mississippi River) through monitoring sentry POE wells for the appearance of site COC.

As a result of the Brooklawn OU LTMP report for 2008, the collection and analysis of biota (crawfish) from the BBR channel distributaries was discontinued. The LTMP report concluded that the Middle Channel fill RA had reduced human health risk for both HCBD and HCB associated with the consumption of crawfish. The human health risk results from the exposure domain are within acceptable ranges demonstrating that the RA was effective in reducing surface sediment contamination to protective levels. The results also indicate that adverse impacts on crawfish would not be anticipated. Data showing the potential carcinogenic risks and the potential non-carcinogenic hazards associated with the 2008 crawfish concentrations are presented in Section V, <u>Data Review</u>.

Addendum F to the RPA report for the Brooklawn OU (NPC 2006) updated the DNAPL and ground water solute fate and transport models. The updated DNAPL model showed that regardless of future DNAPL pumping, predictive simulations conservatively showed that DNAPL reached its maximum extent by the year 2500, moving laterally less than 500 ft south of its current location and posed no direct threat to sensitive receptors. The report concluded that the continued pumping of DNAPL at the Brooklawn OU produced no significant reduction in DNAPL extent. Therefore, EPA and LDEQ approved the suspension of active DNAPL recovery at the Brooklawn OU. On July 18, 2006, source recovery operations were suspended.

The current selected remedial actions at the Brooklawn OU are:

- 1. Protective Fill monitoring in the Middle Channel of the Bayou Baton Rouge area distributaries.
- 2. Monitored Natural Attenuation of contaminated ground water.
- 3. Administrative Controls.

Scenic OU

Addendum D to the RPA Report (NPC 1998) at the Scenic OU, presented the following

principal objectives:

- 1. Develop a conceptual remedial design for the Scenic OU.
- 2. Develop a conceptual model of the Scenic area hydrogeologic conditions.
- 3. Develop a solute transport model to assess potential impacts on the 400-foot aquifer.
- 4. Evaluate the potential for natural attenuation of dissolved organic constituents in the +40 MSL zone and the +20 MSL channel deposit.
- Develop a risk-based remedial program for Bayou Baton Rouge sediment contamination downstream of the Scenic OU, and for natural attenuation of the dissolved organic constituents in the +40 MSL zone and the +20 MSL channel deposit.
- 6. Document these objectives in a report presenting the conceptual design and remedial action.

To complete the stated objectives, receptor modeling was conducted using a modular three-dimensional transport model (MT3D) for simulation of advection, dispersion and chemical reactions of contaminants in ground water systems (NPC 1998). A predictive simulation of 500 years was performed to model any impacts that may occur to the 400-foot aquifer based on the "present day" (year 1997) distribution of dissolved COC. Results of the MT3D receptor modeling at the Scenic Site demonstrated that contamination would not reach the 400-foot aquifer.

Additional remedial investigations based on the objectives outlined in Addendum B to the Work Plan (NPC 2001a) were conducted. The findings and proposed modifications to the selected RA were reported in Addendum E to the RPA Report (NPC 2003d). The proposed modifications to the remedy were reviewed by EPA and approved for implementation. These modifications included termination of active recovery (source reduction) and modifications to the LTMP for the MNA component.

Addendum G to the Work Plan (NPC 2003e), was submitted and approved to collect additional characterization data which was used to construct an entirely new ground water transport model. This reactive transport model predicted that three (3) COC would continue downgradient migration within the +20 MSL Channel. Addendum G to the RPA Report (NPC 2007b) was approved on August 27, 2007, and proposed

enhancing the naturally occurring biological attenuation through the addition of a substrate that stimulates anaerobic degradation to address the COC that are not fully attenuating under existing site conditions. These actions were initiated through a work plan (NPC 2007a) designed to field test the viability of EA in the near-source area downgradient of the former disposal pits and to further delineate hazardous substances within the +20 MSL Channel.

Based on the favorable results of the EA field test, which showed significant reduction in contaminant mass, NPC is currently implementing EA in the near-source area. These activities are being conducted by an approved RPA report (NPC 2010a) and a RDCP (NPC 2010b). Additional investigations are ongoing to evaluate EA in the downgradient plume and are anticipated to be completed in the first quarter of 2011.

Sampling of sediments in BBR south of the Scenic OU has demonstrated that the RA of natural recovery is effective and protective. As defined in the LTMP, the last sediment sampling event was completed in 2009, and demonstrated that the natural recovery remedy has resulted in contaminant concentrations that are significantly below levels that are protective of potential receptors.

The current selected remedial actions at the Scenic OU are:

- 1. Source Control near the disposal area.
- 2. Natural Recovery of Bayou Baton Rouge sediment.
- 3. Enhanced Attenuation of contaminated ground water.
- 4. Administrative Controls.

Remedy Implementation

In order to implement the hydraulic containment and recovery RA selected in SRAP (NPC 1989a), both the Scenic OU and the Brooklawn OU were filled and graded. This RA also provided a clean surface for storm water drainage and discharge through permitted Louisiana Pollutant Discharge Elimination System (LPDES) outfalls (Permit No. LA0066214) at both OU. Backfill was applied to provide protection from flooding and portions of BBR were rerouted as needed. Comprehensive ground water modeling

was performed. Based on the results of the modeling, an extensive system of recovery wells and support facilities was designed and built for the Brooklawn OU. This included facilities for the collection, separation and treatment of DNAPL and associated contaminated ground water. In 1996, the Louisiana Department of Health and Hospitals (LDHH) conducted a public health assessment (LDHH 1996) of the PPI site, which indicated the site neighbors were not experiencing a higher cancer rate than the rest of East Baton Rouge Parish. At the Scenic OU a system of recovery wells, collection and support facilities were built in 2000. Administrative control of the PPI site was achieved by providing perimeter fencing and security.

Brooklawn OU

In accordance with the Remedial Planning Activities Report (NPC 1985), and to reduce surface material contamination exposure, 700 feet of the easternmost BBR distributary channel was remediated in 1990 by excavation. The remediated portion is the southernmost 700 feet along the South Access Road and is depicted on <u>Drawing BK-99-152</u>. In 1991 the Brooklawn OU disposal area was covered with two feet of clay, protective cover and six inches of topsoil (seeded and mulched for erosion control) to provide a suitable working surface, eliminate vapor emissions and exposure to contaminated soils. Additionally, a segment of BBR was diverted away from the disposal area to allow for natural drainage to continue through uncontaminated areas.

In 1994, the upper lagoon was filled and a protective cover was installed. During the filling of the upper lagoon, 800 tons (140 K gallons) of DNAPL were recovered and shipped offsite for incineration.

After the Brooklawn OU protective cover was completed, a system of recovery wells (192) and collection sumps (98) were installed in the disposal area. This recovery system provided hydraulic containment of the contaminated ground water. During the operation of this recovery system 136 MM gallons of contaminated water and 817 K gallons of DNAPL were recovered. Recovery system production data is presented in

<u>Table 3</u>. Active recovery (source reduction) was terminated at the Brooklawn OU on July 18, 2006.

A Liquid Treatment and Disposal System (LTADS) was placed in service during 1994 to treat liquids produced from the recovery wells and collection sumps. This system included separation, storage, air stripping, incineration, and water treatment facilities. The LTAD incineration and air stripping system operated until September 2000, when declining free phase organic production made onsite incineration impractical. During operation of the LTAD incinerator, 2.25 K tons (412 K gallons) of free phase organics were treated. Additionally, 114 MM gallons of recovered contaminated ground water were processed through the air stripper and the organic vapors were incinerated. This water was then treated with activated carbon and discharged to the Mississippi River through an LPDES permitted outfall.

Addendum A to Volume One of the RDCP (NPC 2002), specified the installation of two additional sentry monitor wells in the 400-foot aquifer downgradient of the contaminant plume to assist in measuring the performance of the MNA remedy. The LTMP, approved in Addendum A to the RPA Report (NPC 2001b), was designed consistent with the requirements of the CD and the current Office of Solid Waste and Emergency Response (OSWER) guidance on MNA at Superfund sites. Ground water monitoring samples are collected at twenty-six locations (Figure 4) to determine COC concentrations along transects parallel with the dominant migration pathway. Sentry Points of Compliance (POC) wells at the expected plume boundaries are monitored to assess the extent of plume migration. Additionally, geochemical data is collected to verify that conditions favorable for natural attenuation continue to occur in the aquifer and hydraulic head data is collected to aid in interpreting chemical data.

In 2006, as approved in Addendum F to the RPA report (NPC 2006), additional primary source transect wells were installed to assess the effectiveness of the MNA remedy at the Brooklawn OU. These primary source transect monitoring location are shown on Figure 5. Annual monitoring and long term reporting of data collected at these

locations are used to assess the effectiveness of the MNA remedial action.

The selected remedy for the BBR area sediments and biota, south of the Brooklawn disposal area, was the placement of a protective fill in a distributary channel (Drawing 020-C-339 rev 2). This construction activity was completed in January 2003; a total of 3,045 feet of the channel was filled with 9,888 cubic yards of material. The LTMP required the collection and analysis of Biota (crawfish) samples from 15 locations and annual monitoring of the integrity of the protective fill. Crawfish serve as a sentinel organism for ecological inputs and were analyzed for HCB and HCBD. As reported in the <u>Remedy Selection</u>, <u>Brooklawn OU</u> section of this report biota sampling and reporting was discontinued in 2008, due to significant reductions in risks to both humans and ecological receptors; protective fill inspections will continue to be conducted annually for the prescribed 20-year period.

Scenic OU

The Scenic OU has been covered with two feet of clay protective fill and six inches of topsoil (seeded and mulched for erosion control) to provide a suitable working surface, eliminate exposure to impacted soils and to provide for clean surface water drainage. Fill was placed to reinforce the existing dikes at the closed waste pit. Two segments of BBR were diverted away from the waste pit as a part of the overall site development. The site is fenced and security is provided.

In 1999, upon approval of Addendum D (NPC 1998), the selected RA for the disposal area was source reduction with MNA. Source reduction included the removal of mobile DNAPL by pumping recovery wells placed in the waste pit. The removal of DNAPL required preparation and development of the site and construction of a recovery system (wells, collection network, electrification, instrumentation, a control room, a covered, diked loading area and service roadways). Eleven recovery wells were pushed through the cover into the disposal pit. Based on an evaluation of core samples, it was determined that seven of these wells were capable of producing

DNAPL. Above ground structures and pumps associated with each of the seven wells were installed. Recovered liquids were pumped to a DOT trailer mounted tank. The tank was kept in a covered, bermed area during filling. Alarms interfaced with pump controllers were programmed to shut down the recovery well field if a high level occurred in the storage tank. The DNAPL was transported approximately two miles to the Brooklawn OU for treatment. Transport was on public thoroughfares utilizing a Department of Transportation (DOT) Hazardous Material (HAZMAT) driver and vehicle operated and maintained by NPC. The well field was mechanically complete on January 11, 2000. The first shipment of waste material was completed on February 10, 2000. DNAPL production from the recovery system totaled 3,900 gallons. Contaminated ground water recovered totaled 6,400 gallons. Active recovery (source reduction) was terminated at the Scenic OU (see <u>Remedy Selection, Scenic OU</u>) on August 21, 2003.

NPC conducted modeling to define NA processes at the Scenic OU and to evaluate its effectiveness as a part of the overall remedial strategy. Field and laboratory studies have shown that microorganisms present at the site completely degrade site contaminants under aerobic and anaerobic conditions and that natural attenuation processes can provide effective reduction of the soluble contaminants. The modeling efforts reported in Addendum E to the RPA report (NPC 2003d) indicated that three COC (PCE, TCE, and TCA) are only dechlorinated significantly under anaerobic conditions and simulation results suggest that these species are not completely dechlorinated within the +20 MSL channel. Modeling predicted that these contaminants, though they are partially attenuated, would continue to migrate down gradient in the +20 MSL channel. A monitoring plan was approved which utilized fifteen existing monitor wells and recommended the construction of twenty new piezometers installed in the +40 MSL zone, the +20 Channel Deposit, and the -40 MSL zone. Seven additional piezometers, also used in the monitoring plan, were installed in the Intermediate Sand and the 400-foot Aquifer. Based on the Addendum E report, additional investigations, presented in Addendum G to the Work Plan (NPC 2003e), were proposed, approved and conducted to define the lithology and contaminant distribution in the +20 MSL Channel.

Upon completion of the work plan activities (NPC 2003e), Addendum G to the RPA report (NPC 2007a) was submitted presenting an approach to conduct additional investigations of the +20 MSL channel and prepare a work plan (NPC 2007b) to evaluate enhancements to the natural attenuation remedial action at the Scenic OU.

Addendum G to the Work Plan (NPC 2007b) outlined the following two primary +20 MSL channel characterization objectives:

- 1. Verify the location of the southern boundary of the +20 MSL Channel in the vicinity of the treatment zone near the distal end of the plume
- 2. Verify the plume extent and concentration gradient, in particular at the distal and northern edges of the plume.

The +20 MSL channel investigations started in January 2008, and concluded in March 2010. During the investigation period, 347 ground water samples were collected and analyzed from 131 locations; a total of 159 locations were interrogated for lithology. The results were reported in Addendum H to the RPA Report (NPC 2010a). These investigations of the +20 MSL Channel revealed that COC had migrated further than previously known; the results showed downgradient contaminant concentrations significantly higher than previously anticipated. Therefore, near-source EA treatment zones within the +20 MSL Channel were proposed and approved by the Agencies to cut off the downgradient plume from the source of additional contamination. This +20 MSL Channel near-source remedy augments previous site actions for the source area. The previous actions have included 1) source reduction through removal of waste material from the disposal pit in the early 70s while the pit was still uncovered, 2) source control by filling the disposal pit with clay material to mix with the unrecoverable residual waste material, 3) source control by installing a surface barrier over the disposal pit and re-routing of the Bayou Baton Rouge to minimize interaction of waste materials with surface water, and 4) source reduction by pumping recoverable waste material.

The approved +20 MSL Channel near-source remedy is based on information gained during the recently completed (2009-2010) EA field test, where it was successfully demonstrated that enhanced dechlorination can be induced through addition of a bioremediation substrate. The results, presented in Addundum H to the RPA Report (NPC 2010a), showed that EA in areas of high COC concentrations was demonstrably effective in significantly reducing COC mass within treated portions of the plume. Addendum H to the RDCP (NPC 2010b), was submitted and approved which provided a description of the work necessary to implement the +20 MSL Channel near-source RA. In September and October 2010, NPC completed the installation of twenty-three (23) injection wells and three (3) monitoring wells. The layout of the injection wells are presented in Figure 6.

Natural Recovery was selected for remediation of Bayou Baton Rouge sediments south of the Scenic OU. Investigations of surface water, biota and sediments in the bayou have revealed the presence of HCB and HCBD in surface sediments. The general lack of unacceptable risks along with other factors allowed the selection of Natural Recovery. These other factors included poor accessibility, the low volume of water normally present and no commercial or sport fishing in the affected portion of the bayou. As reported in the <u>Remedy Selection, Scenic OU</u> section of this report, the final sediment sampling event was conducted in 2009.

Site Wide Remedy Implementation

The current approved remedies for the PPI site are described in Addendum F (NPC 2006) to the RPA Report (Brooklawn OU) and Addendum H (NPC 2010a) to the RPA Report (Scenic OU). These remedies include source control, MNA for ground water contamination and protective Bayou Baton Rouge channel fill at the Brooklawn OU; source control, natural recovery of sediments, and enhanced attenuation of ground water at the Scenic OU.

Plans have been implemented at both OU to monitor the ground water, including the

400-foot aquifer, to ensure protectiveness of the remedies. The monitoring plan also evaluates natural attenuation and the recovery of the BBR channel area at the Brooklawn OU. Monitoring plans at the Scenic OU will be updated in the 1Q2011 that are specific to the recently implemented EA remedy. The CD recognizes the potential for contingencies to occur and the need to address them through the development of remedial alternatives. The post-construction monitoring plans will provide ample warning of the threat of releases of hazardous substances that may present a concern.

The former waste disposal areas on the PPI site have been covered with two feet of clay protective fill and six inches of topsoil (seeded and mulched for erosion control) to provide a suitable working surface, eliminate exposure to impacted soils and ground water and to provide for clean surface water drainage. These source control measures are effective in mitigating exposure hazards resulting from inhalation of vapors migrating from contamination beneath the PPI sites into buildings. Additionally, NPC has no permanent buildings located at the Scenic OU and buildings constructed at the Brooklawn OU are located on the west side of the property away from major sources of hazardous substances. There are no buildings or structures with basements and or buildings or structures used for residential properties at the site. In addition the site is located in an industrial area and is not adjacent to any residential properties.

System Operation/Operation and Maintenance

As the Petro-Processors of Louisiana, Inc. Site was a PRP funded cleanup, the funding information is not publicly available.

In consideration of the entry for the Consent Decree, defendants agreed not to make any claims pursuant to Section 112 of CERCLA, 42 U.S.C. Section 9612, directly or indirectly against the Hazardous Substance Response Trust Fund established by the Act for expenses related to this case and the CD.

The Environmental Protection Agency, Hazardous Substance Response Trust fund

received \$600,000 as consideration for compromise by the United States of its claims for all costs previously incurred by it in investigating and responding to conditions at the sites. The State of Louisiana, Bond Security and Redemption Fund received \$30,500 as consideration for compromise by the State of Louisiana of its claims for all costs previously incurred by it in investigating and responding to conditions at the sites.

V. FIVE-YEAR REVIEW PROCESS

Mr. Bartolome J. Canellas, EPA Project Manager Region 6, led this second Five-Year Review. The process consisted of a review of relevant site documents, site data, an Applicable or Relevant and Appropriate Requirements (ARARs) review, interviews, public notice and a site inspection. Each of these review processes were conducted for both the Brooklawn OU and Scenic OU.

Document Review

A list of the relevant documents that were reviewed is presented in <u>Appendix A</u>. Documents reviewed consisted of approved site work plans, remedial planning documents, monitoring reports and EPA commissioned risk assessments.

Public notice of this second Five-Year Review was published in the local newspaper, and a Five-Year Review fact sheet was distributed to the mailing list maintained for the site. These public notices are presented in <u>Appendix B</u>. A copy of this completed report will be available in the public library at the PPI site located at 2401 Brooklawn Drive in Baton Rouge, Louisiana and through EPA Region 6 and LDEQ.

<u>Appendix C</u> contains a concurrence letter from LDEQ stating their findings from the request for Applicable or Relevant and Appropriate Requirements (ARARs) review. Appendix C also contains Louisiana laboratory accreditations for the analytical laboratory used to report data to LDEQ in compliance with the ARARs review.

Interviews

<u>Appendix D</u> contains the completed site survey forms (site interviews) and a listing of those who were interviewed. These interviews were conducted by mail. Responses were received from LDEQ personnel, LDHH personnel, LSU professors who served in the past as court appointed experts, technical personnel associated with the ground water and DNAPL modeling efforts, the PPI site Facility Manager and representatives of EPA Region 6. There were no negative comments or concerns associated with the remedial activities of the site.

Site Inspection

On April 7, 2010 representatives of EPA and LDEQ conducted an inspection of the PPI site. The inspection assessed the conditions of the physical facilities, site administrative controls and visible implementations of the remedies. Protective coverings at both OUs were in good condition and appropriate signs were posted on security fencing. The site inspection checklist is presented in <u>Appendix G</u>. Photographs that were taken during the site inspection are included in <u>Appendix E</u>.

Data Review

Ground water monitoring results at the Brooklawn OU indicates that the MNA remedy is protective at the Brooklawn OU. All COC concentrations at sentry POC wells located down gradient of the primary migration pathway are Below Quantitative Levels (BQL). The data demonstrates that no short-term risk exists that the contaminant plume will migrate unacceptably.

Inspections of protective coverings in the former disposal areas and in BBR distributaries at the Brooklawn OU reveal no integrity concerns. The recently completed biota monitoring (2008) also confirms the effectiveness of the protective fill remedy. <u>Tables 4 and 5</u> display the results of biota analysis and Hazard Indices (HI) that were calculated from crawfish collected during the 2008 LTMP at the Brooklawn OU. The combined (HCB and HCBD) Lifetime Incremental Cancer Risk (LICR) from

<u>Table 4</u> is 3E-06, which is within the risk management range where additional RA is not normally required. The combined HI displayed in <u>Table 5</u> is 0.06, which also is protective. <u>Table 6</u>, reproduced from Table 4-3 in the Ecological Risk Assessment (EPA 1999a), provides Hazard Quotients (HQs) for crawfish in western channels, eastern channels, and the transition swamp. For HCB, the highest HQs are 7.4, 6.2, and 6.4, respectively. For HCBD, the highest HQs are 23.6, 12.8, and 21.3, respectively. None of the data shown in <u>Table 7</u>, Potential Ecological Screening Quotients (ESQs) Associated with 2008 Crawfish Concentrations, exceed 1. These results demonstrate the effectiveness of the RA regarding contaminated sediments in BBR distributaries at the Brooklawn OU and support the recently approved discontinuation of biota monitoring. Furthermore, the Brooklawn OU BBR protective fill is stable, functioning as intended, and is protective of human health and the environment.

Sediment sampling in BBR south of the Scenic OU shows that no risks are BBR sediment samples were collected during the 2009 monitoring unacceptable. period as described in Addendum D to RPA Report (NPC 1998) for the Scenic OU. This sampling was conducted on March 23, 2009, and March 24, 2009. The 2009 sediment sampling event was the final event of the eight (8) originally proposed events. Results for 2009 are consistent with the results from the previous sampling event in 2007, and show that for all four (4) receptor scenarios (adolescent human trespassers, aquatic biota, mink, and heron), the Exposure Domain Hazard Index (EDHI) is less than the Reasonable Maximum Exposure (RME) HI. Furthermore, the 2009 EDHI are all less than one. Table 8 presents the 2009 compliance evaluation from BBR sediments. Historical data presented in <u>Table 9</u>, shows that the EDHI for each potential receptor scenario has been less than one for the past three (3) sampling events, 2005 – 2009. This data supports discontinuation of sediment sampling in BBR and demonstrates that the natural recovery remedy has resulted in contaminant concentrations below levels that support the protection of potential receptors in the Exposure Domain (ED).

Enhanced attenuation at the Scenic OU field test area showed significant reduction in contaminant mass within the test area as presented in Addendum H to the RPA Report

(NPC 2010a). Table 10 shows the composite dechlorination results for the test cell. In summary, data indicate that COC parent compound concentrations (e.g., all compounds except DCE and VC) declined by 63% over the 216-day test. An increase in DCE concentration was observed while VC remained relatively constant at wells where the pH was below pH 6. Note that at wells IP-1 and IP-W, where the pH was near 7, complete dechlorination was observed with over 95% reduction in COC over the 7-month duration of the field test. To further evaluate the impact of pH on dechlorination extent, a sodium carbonate (soda ash) buffer solution was introduced into the test cell after about 1 year of treatment. After introduction of the buffer to raise pH values above about 6.5, rapid complete dechlorination proceeded. The response was very rapid because a significant quantity of biomass had been built up and remained from the initial substrate addition. Table 11 shows the dechlorination results comparing pre-buffer addition COC concentrations to concentrations one week The results in Table 11 demonstrate that very effective after buffer addition. dechlorination occurs when sufficient buffering is provided for the treatment zone. Finally, all data indicates that administrative controls are adequate at both of the OU.
VI. TECHNICAL ASSESSMENT

Question A: Is the remedy functioning as intended by the decision documents?

Yes. A review of site-specific data and the results of the inspection documented in this report demonstrate that the remedy is functioning as intended by the approved RPA Reports. Stabilization of the disposal pits, diversion of BBR and placement of protective covers at the PPI site have achieved the remedial objectives to control vapor emissions from and dermal contact with contaminants in soil and sediments. Ecological and human health risks have been reduced to acceptable levels in the BBR distributaries portion of the Brooklawn OU through the placement of a protective fill and at the Scenic OU through natural recovery.

Based on a review of recent ground water sampling and analytical data, MNA at the Brooklawn OU appears to be containing the dissolved contaminant plume. The contaminant plume at the Brooklawn OU has not and is not expected to migrate to the defined down gradient POE for the ground water source, the Mississippi River. Ground water modeling indicates that the contaminant plume will stabilize before migrating beyond the property wholly owned by NPC. To ensure containment of the plume, point of compliance (POC) monitoring locations have been installed. Figure 4, Ground water Sample Locations, show the locations of these sentry wells (P-2522-1 and P-2528-1). The data indicates that all COC concentrations at the sentry POC wells do not exceed the Maximum Contaminant Level (MCL).

Ground water at the Scenic OU is also monitored. NPC is currently operating under an approved RDCP for the Scenic OU (NPC 2010b) to install injection well and inject substrate into the ground water in the near source area along the dominant migration pathway, the +20 MSL Channel. While this additional work is progressing, no short-term risk exists that the plume will pose a threat. During this investigation at the Scenic OU additional monitoring locations have been installed to detect plume migration and contaminant degradation. NPC is currently working on a remedial plan

to implement an EA treatment zone in the downgradient portion of the contaminant plume at the Scenic OU. This RPA report and subsequent RDCP is planned to be submitted to the agencies in the first quarter of 2011.

Operation and maintenance of the PPI facility, as indicated in the site inspection (Appendix G), has been effective in maintaining the integrity of the protective coverings at both the Brooklawn OU and Scenic OU, see the photographs in Appendix <u>E</u>. The PPI site is inspected daily by site personnel and maintenance items are noted and corrective actions are taken as needed. The filled and graded former waste disposal areas have sufficient grass coverings and are frequently mowed to prevent unwanted shrub growth. Requirements of the Brooklawn OU long term monitoring plan specify the inspection of the protective fill in the BBR distributaries channels to ensure its integrity. Inspection have documented that vegetation is well established, and there is no noted erosion of any fill areas. However, sampling personnel access several ground water monitoring locations along the protective fill resulting in several ruts in the protective covering. A new access route to these monitoring locations will be established to avoid unwanted traffic on the protective fill.

Administrative controls are in place and are functioning as intended. Access to the site is controlled by the PPI security system, and a card key system is employed allowing entrance only to approved site personnel. Fencing around the PPI site is intact and in good repair. Signs are posted around the perimeter of the site on the fencing and on access gates, see photograph log, Appendix E.

Question B: Are the exposure assumptions, toxicity data, cleanup levels, and Remedial Action Objectives (RAOs) used at the time of the remedy still valid?

Yes. The ARARs review and the findings of this Five-Year Review reveal that no significant changes in standards or assumptions have occurred to affect the implemented remedy. Exposure pathways that were defined and used to select the remedy remain valid and are comprehensive. Current and anticipated future use of

the land and resources surrounding the PPI site has not changed. Physical conditions at the site have not changed in a manner that would affect the protectiveness of the remedy.

Question C: Has any other information come to light that could call into question the protectiveness of the remedy?

No. Based on the information in this review, no new information has been discovered that could call into question the protectiveness of the remedy.

Technical Assessment Summary

Based on the data reviewed, the site inspections, and the interviews, the selected remedies and the implementation of the remedies at the PPI site are functioning as intended by the CD and subsequent RPA Reports. There have been no changes in standards or assumptions used to construct the remedy. Conditions at the site have not changed in such a way as to affect the remedy and there is no other information that calls into question the protectiveness of the remedy.

VII. ISSUES

The Agencies recently approved EA as the RA for ground water contamination at the Scenic OU. As stated in this report, NPC has recently installed 26 new wells in the near source area of the Scenic OU to inject substrate and monitor the effectiveness of this RA. NPC is planning to inject substrate into the contaminated aquifer (+20 MSL Channel) in the first quarter of 2011. Based on a completed field test conducted at the Scenic OU, this RA is anticipated to be successful and effective. In addition to the near source remedy, a distal end RA is needed at the Scenic OU. NPC is currently working on investigative activities to implement an EA zone in the downgradient portion of the plume. When complete (projected in January 2011) a RPA report will be submitted to address the downgradient contaminants and to provide a revised long term monitoring plan to evaluate the effectiveness of the EA remedy at the Scenic OU.

VIII. RECOMMENDATIONS AND FOLLOW-UP ACTIONS

During the site inspection of the Scenic OU on April 7, 2010, site personnel informed and showed the Agencies that a bridge crossing Bayou Baton Rouge had failed and was restricting the natural flow of this waterway. Site personnel informed the inspectors that NPC was planning on repairing the bridge to restore natural flow in the bayou. On June 3, 2010, these repairs were completed; photographs of the failed and repaired bridge are presented in Appendix E, photographs 27 - 30.

NPC is currently planning to allow alternative access to monitoring locations in the BBR distributaries south of the Brooklawn OU to avoid unnecessary traffic on the protective covering. NPC is planning to complete this work by December 2010, and will report these completed activities in a subsequent LTMP report for the Brooklawn OU.

As presented in the issues section of this report, <u>Section VII</u>, NPC is currently in the process of investigating a downgradient EA remedy and implementing EA substrate injection at the Scenic OU in the near source area of the site. These planned activities are anticipated to be completed in the first quarter of 2011, and will be documented in forthcoming RPA and RDCP reports.

IX. PROTECTIVENESS STATEMENT

Brooklawn OU

The remedy at the Brooklawn OU is protective of human health and the environment, and in the interim, exposure pathways that could result in unacceptable risks are being controlled.

Scenic OU

The remedy at the Scenic OU currently protects human health and the environment and is protective in the short-term. However, in order for the remedy to be protective in the long-term, implementation of the near-source and distal end enhanced attenuation actions are necessary to ensure long-term protectiveness.

PPI Sitewide

Source reduction, control and protective coverings over former disposal areas at the site have reduced the known risks associated with ingestion, inhalation, and dermal contact with site contaminants through surface water and sediment pathways for both human and ecological receptors. Placement of a protective fill in the BBR distributaries has reduced risks discovered during risk assessments to acceptable levels. The Brooklawn OU MNA remedy, through implementation of the LTMP, has been shown to be protective of downgradient receptors. Sampling of sediments in BBR south of the Scenic OU has demonstrated that the natural recovery remedy is effective. Finally, administrative controls to limit access to the PPI site are in place and continue to be effective in allowing entry only to approved site personnel.

The remedy at the PPI site currently protects human health and the environment and is protective in the short-term. However, in order for the remedy to be protective in the long-term, implementation of the near-source and distal end enhanced attenuation actions at the Scenic OU are necessary to ensure long-term protectiveness.

X. NEXT REVIEW

The third Five-Year Review for the Petro-Processors of Louisiana, Inc. Superfund Site will be performed within five years of the signature date of this second Five-Year Review report.

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- NPC Services, Inc., 2010a. Addendum H to the Remedial Planning Activities Report, Petro-Processors, Inc., Scenic OU.
- NPC Services, Inc., 2010b. Addendum H to the Remedial Design and Construction Plan, Scenic OU, Implementation of near-source EA.

SECOND FIVE-YEAR REVIEW REPORT FOR THE PETRO-PROCESSORS OF LOUISIANA, INC. SITE EAST BATON ROUGE PARISH, LOUISIANA LAD057482713

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Date	Event Description		
1961 - 1974	Scenic OU received petrochemical wastes		
1969 - 1978	Brooklawn OU received petrochemical wastes		
1970	Legal actions taken against PPI and its clients		
1974	Scenic OU disposal pit was filled and closed		
1980	Brooklawn OU disposal ceased		
July 1980	U.S. Justice Department filed suit against PPI and PRPs		
September 1983	PPI site proposed to NPL.		
February 1984	Consent Decree Signed in Federal Court by PRPs (ROD)		
September 1984	Final NPL listing		
1987	Vault constructed and solidification began		
1987	Excavation and Solidification terminated		
1988	A supplemental investigation of alternative RA conducted.		
August 1989	SRAP approved a hydraulic containment and recovery option,		
	coupled with incineration was selected as the remedial action		
1991	Brooklawn OU disposal area protective cover completed		
1991-2000	A system of recovery wells and collection were installed in the		
	disposal areas of the Brooklawn and Scenic OUs		
1994	LTADS was placed in service to treat recovered liquid		
1994	Brooklawn Upper lagoon protective cover was installed.		
1997-1999	Ecological Risk Assessment and Human Health Risk		
	Assessment Approved December 1999, Devil's Swamp, Baton		
	Rouge, LA		
July 1999	Scenic OU RPA approved		
August 1999	Scenic OU RDCP approved		
January 2000	Scenic OU construction activity completed		
November 2001	Brooklawn OU RPA approved, selected remedy, MNA, source		
	reduction, source control and protective fill		
November 2001	Scenic OU Interim Remedial Action report approved		
March 2002	Brooklawn OU RDCP approved, recovery well production		
	termination and decommissioning, Sentry well installations,		
	and Middle Channel Fill of Bayou Baton Rouge.		
January 2003	Final remedial construction activity completed at the PPI site		
July 2003	Brooklawn OU Interim Remedial Action report approve		
July 2003	Preliminary Close Out Report approved for the PPI site		
Added for Secor	nd Five-Year Review		
July 2003	Scenic OU, Addendum E, RPA Report, Termination of active		
	source recovery, revised monitoring plan for MNA, continue		
	Natural Recovery for Bayou Baton Rouge sediments, further		
	investigations needed for ultimate fate of dissolved		

Table 1:Chronology of Significant Events for the Petro-Processors
of Louisiana, Inc. Site

Table 1:Chronology of Significant Events for the Petro-Processors
of Louisiana, Inc. Site

Date	Event Description
	contamination.
December 2005	First Five-Year Review approved.
May 2006	Brooklawn OU, Addendum F, RPA Report approved,
	suspension of active source recovery operations, revised
	monitoring plan for MNA, installed new primary source transect.
2006 - 2007	Dismantled Brooklawn OU facilities associated with LTADS,
	incineration and storage facilities.
August 2007	Scenic OU, Addendum H to the Work Plan, additional
	characterization of the +20 MSL channel was approved and a
	phased approach to implementing enhanced attenuation.
March 2009	Scenic OU, Conducted field test of EA.
March 2010	Brooklawn OU, LTMP Report concluded that protective
	covering in the BBR distributaries was effective. Biota
	sampling was discontinued.
March 2010	Scenic OU, LTMP Report concluded that the natural recovery
	remedy for sediments in BBR was protective, discontinuation
	of sediment sampling was approved.
August 2010	Scenic OU, Addendum H to the RPA Report, EA approved as
	near-source remedy for the +20 MSL Channel
August 2010	Scenic OU, Addendum H to the RDCP, construction plans
	approved to install 23 injection wells and 3 monitoring wells
	to implement the EA remedy.

<u>Notes</u>

LTADS Liquid Treatm	ent and Disposal System
---------------------	-------------------------

- NPC NPC Services, Inc. PRPs Remedial Plan Coordinator
- PPI Petro-Processors of Louisiana, Inc.
- PRP Potentially Responsible Party
- RPA Remedial Planning Activities
- RDCP Remedial Design and Construction Plan
- SRAP Supplemental Remedial Action Plan
- OU Operable Unit

сос	Groundwater	Surface Water	Lagoons	Sediment	Surface Soil	Air
1,2-Dichloroethane	Х	Х	Х			
cis-1,2-Dichloroethene	Х	Х	Х			
trans-1.2-Dichloroethene	Х	Х	Х			
Hexachlorobenzene			Х	Х	Х	Х
Hexachlorobutadiene			Х	Х	Х	Х
Tetrachloroethylene	Х	Х	Х			
1,1,2,2-Tetrachloroethane	Х	Х	Х			
1,1,2-Trichloroethane	Х	Х	Х			
Trichloroethene	Х	Х	Х			
Vinyl chloride	Х	Х	Х			

Table 2: Contaminants of Concern in PPI Site Media

		Annual Total Fluid	Annual Organics			Average Total	Average
Year	Wells in Production ⁴	Production	Production	% Organics	Total Flow Rate (gpd)	Flow/Well	Organics/
	11000001011		(921)				
1985-1988	10	INA	42,700	INA	NA NA	INA	NA NA
1991 ²	14	1,783,000	16,500	0.93%	4,900	349	3.2
1992	40	5,702,000	58,100	1.02%	15,600	391	4.0
1993	92	19,201,000	121,400	0.63%	52,600	572	3.6
1994	93	23,553,000	92,400	0.39%	64,500	694	2.7
1995	136	22,878,000	70,300	0.31%	62,700	461	1.4
1996 ³	165	16,780,000	95,600	0.57%	46,000	279	1.6
1997	165	13,541,000	77,300	0.57%	37,100	225	1.3
1998	191	15,157,000	68,800	0.45%	41,500	217	1.0
1999	191	11,667,000	64,400	0.55%	32,000	167	0.9
2000	105	4,419,000	45,800	1.04%	12,100	115	1.2
2001	67	335,700	16,300	4.86%	964	14	0.7
2002	76	266,800	12,600	4.72%	765	10	0.5
2003 ⁵	74	201,700	8,900	4.41%	577	7	0.3
2004	68	276,800	9,900	3.58%	783	11	0.4
2005	66	236,900	9,500	4.01%	675	10	0.4
2006 ⁶	63	113,200	6,400	5.65%	328	5	0.3
Total		136,112,100	816,900	0.60%	23,318	235	1.5

Table 3: Brooklawn OU, Recovery Well Production History

¹ Production from 1985 through 1988 from pilot recovery system

² Production data from 1991 through 1995 based on estimated individual well discharge

³ Production data from 1996 through 2006 based on tank volumes

⁴ Number of wells varied some years; the maximum number is used for each year except for 2000/2001 where an average was used

⁵ Upon approval of Addendum E, to the Scenic RPA Report, Scenic OU well field shutdown on August 21, 2003.

⁶ Upon approval of Addendum F, to the Brooklawn RPA Report, Brooklawn OU well field shutdown on July 18, 2006.

Table 4:Potential Carcinogenic Risks Associated with 2008 Crawfish
Concentrations at Brooklawn OU

		Crawfish C	Corresponding		
Chemical	Target LICR	Risk-Based ^a	Measured ^b	LICR () [°]	
		(mg/kg)	(mg/kg)		
	1E-04	6.4E-01			
Hexachlorobenzene	1E-05	6.4E-02	1.72E-02	3E-06	
	1E-06	6.4E-03			
	1E-04	1.3E+01			
Hexachlorobutadiene	1E-05	1.3E+00	4.61E-02	4E-07	
	1E-06	1.3E-01			
Combined LICR				3E-06	

^a Chemical concentration in crawfish corresponding to target RME LICR.

^b 95% UCL chemical concentration measured in edible crawfish tissue during 2008.

^c LICR from measured chemical concentration under RME conditions.

Table 5:Potential Non-Carcinogenic Hazards Associated with 2008
Crawfish Concentrations at Brooklawn OU

		Crawfish C	Crawfish Concentration		
Chemical	Target H	Risk-Based ^a	Measured ^b	HQ() [°]	
		(mg/kg)	(mg/kg)		
	10	3.5E+01			
Hexachlorobenzene	1	3.5E+00	1.72E-02	0.005	
	0.1	3.5E-01			
	10	8.8E+00			
Hexachlorobutadiene	1	8.8E-01	4.61E-02	0.05	
	0.1	8.8E-02			
Combined HI = $HQ_{HCB} + HQ_{HCBD}$	0.06				

^a Chemical concentration in crawfish corresponding to target RME HI.

^b 95% UCL chemical concentration measured in edible crawfish tissue during 2008.

^c HQ from measured chemical concentration under RME conditions.

Table 6: Summary of Tissue Effect Hazard Quotients for Crawfish *

000.0	Exp	osure Domai	n HQs		
Exposure Scenario	Western Channels	Eastern Channels	Transition Swamp	TRV Description	
НСВ					
AVG	0.0 -1.0	0.0 -2.5	0.1 -6.4	Based on abnormal histology without	
UBME	0.1 -7.4	0.1 -6.2	0.1 -6.4	HCB in water.	
HCBD					
AVG	0.4 -1.4	0.6 -2.5	5.5 -21.3	Based on abnormal histology without	
UBME	6.1 -23.6	3.3 -12.8	5.5 -21.3	HCBD in water.	
Lead				•	
AVG	0.6 -1.0	1.0 -1.6	0.3 -0.4	Reduced survival.	
UBME	4.3 -6.7	3.0 -4.7	0.3 -0.4		
AVG = Average; UBME = Upper-bound mean estimate. Cadmium and PCBs are not shown because all of their HQs were less than 1.0.					

* Reproduced from Table 4-3, Summary of Tissue Effect Hazard Quotients for Crawfish, Ecological Risk Assessment (EPA 1999)

Table 7:Potential Ecological Screening Quotients (ESQs) Associated
with 2008 Crawfish Concentrations

	Crawfish	NOAEL ^b		LOAEL °	
Chemical	Concentration (mg/kg) ^a	TRV ^d	ESQ ^e	TRV ^d	ESQ ^e
		(mg/kg)	()	(mg/kg)	()
Hexachlorobenzene	3.24E-02	1.00E-01	3E-01	5.75E+00	6E-03
Hexachlorobutadiene	1.08E-01	2.64E-01	4E-01	1.02E+00	1E-01
Combined ESQ		7E-01		1E-01	

^a 95% UCL whole body crawfish concentrations from 2008 sampling effort.

^b No observed adverse effect level.

- ^c Lowest observed adverse effect level.
- ^d Toxicity Reference Values from Table 3-7 in Ecological Risk Assessment (USEPA, 1999).

^e Whole body crawfish concentration divided by the TRV.

Table 8: 2009 Compliance Evaluation of Bayou Baton Rouge Sediments

Potential Receptor	HCB and HCBD Combined Risk		Is EDHI < RME HI ?	ls EDHI < 1 ? *	
Scenario	EDHI	RME HI			
Human	3.9E-04	1.0E-01	YES	YES	
Aquatic Biota	6.1E-02	5.0E+00	YES	YES	
Heron	4.8E-01	1.2E+01	YES	YES	
Mink	2.8E-01	8.0E+00	YES	YES	

* Each potential receptor's EDHI has been less than 1 for the last three (3) sampling events (2005, 2007 and 2009)

Table 9:	Historical	Combined	Risk EDHI

Potential Receptor Scenario	Year								
	1996 ¹	1999	2000	2001	2002	2003	2005	2007	2009
Human, EDHI ()	9.1E-04	1.7E-03	5.5E-04	1.1E-03	6.2E-03	4.8E-03	1.3E-03	3.9E-04	3.9E-04
Aquatic Biota, EDHI ()	1.2E-01	1.8E-01	1.2E-01	3.4E-01	7.4E-01	4.9E-01	4.9E-01	8.1E-02	6.1E-02
Heron, EDHI ()	1.1E+00 ²	2.3E+00	5.7E-01	8.3E-01	8.0E+00	6.5E+00	7.8E-01	4.1E-01	4.8E-01
Mink, EDHI ()	6.5E-01	1.2E+00	3.8E-01	7.2E-01	4.4E+00	3.5E+00	8.3E-01	2.7E-01	2.8E-01
HCB ED Average (mg/kg)	2.80	5.68	1.36	1.91	19.80	16.04	1.69	0.99	1.17
HCBD ED Average (mg/kg)	0.18	0.23	0.19	0.56	1.01	0.62	0.81	0.13	0.09

Notes:

1: Data presented in Addendum D to the Scenic RPA Report, 1999

2: *n* - indicates EDHI > 1

	Start of Test	End (7 months)	Demonst		
COC	Average	Average	Percent		
	Concentration in	Concentration in	Reduction		
	Test Cell (µM)	Test Cell (µM)			
TeCA	0.98	0.36	64		
ТСА	11.7	4.32	63		
DCA	29.9	10.7	64		
PCE	4.73	1.27	73		
TCE	22.6	8.95	60		
c-DCE	19.7	23.3	- 18		
VC	47.5	46.6	2		
Total - all	137	95.4	30		
Total - parents	69.8	25.6	63		
Total - TCA/PCE/TCE	38.9	14.5	63		
	all test cell wells	no EN or EU			
	3/10 and 3/11/2009	10/5 and 10/6/2009			
	data	data			
Mass Dechlorinated					
	moles dechlorinated	kg-TCA equivalent			
Total - all	114	15.3			
Total - parents	122	16.2]		
Total - TCA/PCE/TCE	67.2	8.96			
	assumes thickness = 22	2 ft, radius = 75 ft,			
	porosity = 0.25				

Table 10:Composite Analysis of Test Cell Dechlorination over 216 days of
Treatment

Table 11:Composite Analysis of Test Cell Dechlorination after Buffer
Addition on February 10-11, 2010.

COC	Prior to Buffer Addition: Average Concentration in Test Cell (µM)	1 Week After Buffer Addition: Average Concentration in Test Cell (μM)	Percent Reduction
TeCA	0.47	0.12	75
ТСА	4.69	0.53	89
DCA	12.9	1.36	89
PCE	1.39	0.16	88
TCE	10.2	0.58	94
c-DCE	22.3	16.8	24
VC	68.9	24.5	64
Total - all	121	44.1	63
Total - parents	29.7	2.76	91
	1/11-13/2010 data, excluding EN & EU	2/18-22/2010 data, excluding EN & EU	

APPENDIX A

Documents Reviewed

SECOND FIVE-YEAR REVIEW REPORT FOR THE PETRO-PROCESSORS OF LOUISIANA, INC. SITE EAST BATON ROUGE PARISH, LOUISIANA LAD057482713

(2 pages)

December 2010

Appendix A

Documents Reviewed

Document		
Date	Document ID	Document Title
12/1/1983	CDD.19831201.001	Original Consent Decree Document
9/1/1985	CDD.19850901.001	RPA 1985 Vol. II - VI.
8/1/1989	CDD.19890801.001	RDCP: Brooklawn Site Prep and Earthwork
9/11/1995	CDD.19950911.001	RDCP Vol. II & III: Upper & Lower Lagoon Fill
9/23/1996	CDD.19960923.001	Work Plan, Addendum B: Supplemental Waste Investigation of Scenic Site
8/31/1998	CDD.19980831.001	RPA Addendum D,Vol. I-IV (Scenic)
9/1/1998	CDD.19980901.001	RDCP. Addendum D, Vol. I-III (Scenic)
5/31/2001	CDD.20010531.001	RPA Addendum A, Vol. I-IV (Brooklawn)
11/1/2001	CDD.20011101.001	Addendum B to the Work Plan for RPA, WP-5 (Scenic)
11/1/2001	CDD.20011101.002	Interim RA Report - Scenic OU
1/1/2002	CDD.20020101.004	RDCP Vol I, Add. A & Vol. III, Add. B
1/31/2003	CDD.20030131.001	Addendum E, RPA Report, PPI Scenic Site
7/21/2003	CDD.20030721.001	Interim RA Report - Brooklawn OU
7/31/2003	CDD.20030731.001	Preliminary Close Out Report, PPI Site
10/20/2003	CDD.20031020.001	Addendum F to the Work Plan (Brooklawn)
11/4/2003	CDD.20031104.001	Addendum G to the Work Plan (Scenic)
12/4/2003	CDD.20031204.001	RPA Long Range Monitoring Report 2002 (Scenic)
12/12/2004	CDD.20041212.001	Long Range Monitoring Report, Brooklawn Site 2003
12/27/2004	CDD.20041227.001	RPA Long Range Monitoring Report 2003 (Scenic)
12/22/2005	CDD.20051222.001	First Five Year Review Report
4/24/2006	CDD.20060424.001	Long Range Monitoring Report, Brooklawn Site 2004
6/22/2006	CDD.20060622.001	Addendum F, RPA, Brooklawn Unit
7/24/2006	CDD.20060724.001	RPA Long Range Monitoring Report 2004 (Scenic)
12/14/2006	CDD.20061214.001	Long Range Monitoring Plan Report, Brooklawn Site 2005
4/12/2007	CDD.20070412.001	RPA Long Range Monitoring Report 2005 & 2006 (Scenic)
7/18/2007	CDD.20070718.001	Addendum G, RPA, Scenic Unit
11/19/2007	CDD.20071119.001	Addendum H to Work Plan for RPA - Scenic Site
6/2/2008	CDD.20080602.001	RPA Long Range Monitoring Report 2007 (Scenic)
9/25/2008	CDD.20080925.001	Long Range Monitoring Plan Report, Brooklawn Site 2006 & 2007
6/19/2009	CDD.20090619.001	Addendum to the Long Range Monitoring Plan Report, Brooklawn, 2006 & 2007
3/9/2010	CDD.20100309.001	Long Range Monitoring Plan Report, Brooklawn Site 2008
3/29/2010	CDD.20100329.001	RPA Long Range Monitoring Plan Report 2008 & 2009 (Scenic)
8/17/2010	CDD.20100817.001	Addendum H to the RPA - Scenic Site
8/19/2010	CDD.20100819.001	Addendum H to the RDCP - Scenic Site

APPENDIX B

Public Notices

SECOND FIVE-YEAR REVIEW REPORT FOR THE PETRO-PROCESSORS OF LOUISIANA, INC. SITE EAST BATON ROUGE PARISH, LOUISIANA LAD057482713

(7 pages)

December 2010



PETRO-PROCESSORS of LOUISIANA, INC

East Baton Rouge, Louisiana February 2010

This Fact Sheet will tell you about...

- Current Actions
- Future Five-Year Reviews
- Site History
- Community Involvement
- For More Information

Current Actions

On February 1, 2010, the U.S. Environmental Protection Agency (EPA) and the Louisiana Department of Environmental Quality (LDEQ) began the second Five-Year Review, at the Petro-Processors of Louisiana, Inc. (PPI) site, located in Baton Rouge, Louisiana. The EPA is working with the responsible parties at PPI, as well as state and federal scientists and engineers to evaluate the site. During the five-year review, EPA will:

- Examine the effectiveness of the cleanup;
- Review current environmental laws;
- Talk with local officials to see if they have any concerns or if there have been any changes in local policies or zoning that might affect the original cleanup;
- Inspect the site to see if the cleanup process continues to function properly;
- Ensure the site is being maintained correctly; and
- Talk to people who live close to the site, own businesses nearby, or work at the site to determine if they have any concerns.

This second Five-Year Review will indicate if the selected remedy for the PPI site, as specified in the Consent Decree and the supplemental plans, remains protective of human health and the environment. The EPA and LDEQ will insure that any problems identified by the review will be addressed.

The Five-Year Review report will be made available to the public once the Five-Year Review is completed. The report will include information about the site history, cleanup activities, site inspection results, data review and analysis, conclusions and recommendations. A copy of the report will be made available at the PPI operation area located at 2401 Brooklawn Drive in Baton Rouge, Louisiana. You will be notified when the report is finished and available to the public.

Future Five-Year Reviews

Since PPI wastes remain onsite at the Petro-Processors of Louisiana, Inc. Site, EPA will perform site reviews at a minimum of every five years to determine if the cleanup at the site is still protecting public heath and the environment. EPA and the State will continue to monitor the site between reviews. If at any time you have concerns or questions about the site, let EPA know. You can contact EPA by calling 800.533.3508 (toll-free).

Site History

The PPI site was originally used as a depository for various petrochemical waste products during the 1960s and the 1970s. In July 1980, the U.S. Justice Department filed suit against PPI and Industry Defendants, alleging that they disposed wastes at this facility. On February 16, 1984, the U.S. Federal District Court, Middle District of Louisiana issued an order approving a Consent Decree for a remedial action.

• Initial Remedy

The initial response action specified the design of a vault and the complete closure of the site by excavating, solidifying and land-filling all visible waste along with recovery of deeper waste and treatment by incineration. After initiating this response, air monitoring demonstrated releases of volatile organics to the air above the previously agreed fence line concentrations.

• Final Remedy

A supplemental investigation was conducted and a Supplemental Remedial Action Plan was approved. This plan provided for hydraulic containment and recovery, coupled with incineration. Through additional investigations, the remedial plans were expanded or modified to protect potential threats to human health and the environment. These plans were implemented and included

- Placement of a protective covering over the original open pits
- Source reduction by pumping treatment and removal of contaminated groundwater
- Protective fill over Bayou Baton Rouge distributaries near the Brooklawn PPI location
- o Monitoring that natural attenuation takes place

- Sampling the groundwater sediments, biota and the air to monitor the effectiveness of the actions
- Conducting future modeling and inspection activities
- Continue updating of groundwater modeling investigations
- Placing administrative controls to limit access to the site.

In July 2003, the site received Construction Complete status. Currently the site is in the operation and maintenance phase, while further modeling, monitoring, and inspection activities continue to be implemented to ensure protection of human health and the environment.

The first Five-Year Review completed on December 22, 2005, found that the remedy remained protective of public health and the environment.

Community Involvement

We want to hear from you. During its review, EPA will consider any information or concerns that you may have about the site. If you are familiar with the site, you may know things that can help the review team. Here are some examples:

- Broken fences, unusual odors, illegal dumping, or other problems;
- Buildings or land being used in new ways around the site;
- Any unusual activities at the site such as vandalism or trespassing; and
- How the cleanup at the site has helped the area.

The public may contact the EPA or local state officials with any questions or concerns they may have.

For More Information, Please contact...

Bartolome Cañellas Remedial Program Manager U.S. EPA Region 6 (6SF-RP) Tel: 214.665.6662 or Toll Free: 800.533.3508 Email: <u>canellas.bart@epa.gov</u>

Jason T. McKinney Community Involvement Coordinator U.S. EPA Region 6 (6SF-VO) Tel: 214.665.8132 or Toll-free: 800.533.3508 Email: <u>Mckinney.jason@epa.gov</u>

Thomas Stafford Louisiana Department of

Environmental Quality

#602 North Fifth Street Baton Rouge, Louisiana 70802 Tel: 225.219.2333 or Toll Free: 888.763.5424 Email: Thomas.Stafford@LA.GOV

For press inquiries, please call, EPA Press Office, at 214.665.2208 or 214.665.2261.

On The Web...

You can find more information about the Region 6 Superfund program on EPA's Region 6 website: <u>http://www.epa.gov/region6/superfund</u> or to be added to the mailing list call 800.533.3508

Information Repositories

Petro-Processors of Louisiana, Inc 2401 Brooklawn Drive Baton Rouge, Louisiana 70807 Tel: 225.778.6200

Louisiana Department of Environmental Quality Thomas F. Harris Remediation Services. P.O. Box 4314 Baton Rouge, Louisiana 70821-4314 Tel: 225.219.3192



PETRO-PROCESSORS OF LOUISIANA, INC. SUPERFUND SITE PUBLIC NOTICE

EPA Region 6 and LDEQ Begin Second Five-Year Review of Site Remedy

The U. S. Environmental Protection Agency Region 6 (EPA) and the Louisiana Department of Environmental Quality (LDEQ) have begun the second Five-Year Review of the remedy for the Petro-Processors Superfund Site. The review will let us know if the remedy performed is still protecting public health and the environment. The first five year review was approved on December 22, 2005, and found the remedy to be protective of public health and the environment. The site is located in Baton Rouge, East Baton Rouge Parish, Louisiana. Once completed, the results of the second Five-Year Review will be made available to the public at <u>www.epa.gov</u> and at the following information repositories:

EPA, Region 6 1445 Ross Avenue Dallas, Texas 75202

LDEQ 602 N. Fifth Street Baton Rouge, Louisiana 70802

Information about the Site also is available on the Internet at <u>www.epq.gov/region6/superfund</u> or <u>http://edms.deq.louisiana.gov/app/doc/querydef.aspx</u> (Al#2469). For more information about the Site, contact: Bartolome Canellas (214) 665-6662 or 1-800-533-3508 (toll-free), or by e-mail at <u>canellas.bart@epa.gov</u> or Thomas Stafford (225) 219-3222 or by e-mail at <u>thomas.stafford@la.gov</u>.

All media inquiries should be directed to the EPA Press Office at (214) 665-2200.

RECEIVED

FEB 2 2 2010

NPC SERVICES INC.

CAPITAL CITY PRESS

Publisher of THE ADVOCATE

PROOF OF PUBLICATION

The hereto attached notice was published in THE ADVOCATE, a daily newspaper of general circulation published in Baton Rouge, Louisiana, and the Official Journal of the State of Louisiana, City of Baton Rouge, and Parish of East Baton Rouge, in the following issues:

<u>02/05/10</u>

Susan A. Bush, Public Notice Clerk

Sworn and subscribed before me by the person whose signature appears above

<u>February 5, 2010</u>

M. Monic McChrístian, Notary Public ID# 88293 State of Louisiana My Commission Expires: Indefinite





NPC SERVICES PETRO PROCESSORS SITE 2401 BROOKLAWN DR BATON ROUGE LA 70807 4221321



CAPITAL CITY PRESS PO BOX 613

BATON ROUGE, LA 70821-0613 FED ID NO 72-0146160

(225) 383-1111

NPC SERVICES

ACCOUNT NUMBER: 701130 LEGAL ADVERTISING INVOICE

DATE: 2-05-10

ENV.20100205.001



PETRO-PROCESSORS OF LOUISIANA, INC. SUPERFUND SITE **PUBLIC NOTICE**

EPA Region 6 and LDEQ Begin Second Five-Year Review of Site Remedy

The U. S. Environmental Protection Agency Region 6 (EPA) and the Louisiana Department of Environmental Quality (LDEQ) have begun the second Five-Year Review of the remedy for the Petro-Processors Superfund Site. The review will let us know if the remedy performed is still protecting public health and the ervironment. The first five year review was approved on December 22, 2005, and found the remedy to be protective of public health and the environment. The site is located in Baton Rouge, East Baton Rouge Parish, Louisiana. Once completed; the results of the second Five-Year Review will be made available to the public at www.epa.gov and at the following information repositories:

> EPA, Region 6 1445 Ross Avenue Dallas, Texas 75202

LDEQ 602 N. Fifth Street Baton Rouge, Louisiana 70802

Information about the Site also is available on the Internet at www.epg.gov/ region6/superfund or http://edms.deg.louisiana.gov/app/doc/querydef.aspx (Al#2469). For more information about the Site, contact: Bartolome Canellas (214) 665-6662 or 1-800-533-3508 (toll-free), or by e-mail at <u>canallas.bart@</u> <u>epa.gov</u> or Thomas Stafford (225) 219-3222 or by e-mail at <u>thomas.stafford@</u> la.gov.

All media inquiries should be directed to the EPA Press Office at (214) 665-2200. 4221321-feb 5-1t

APPENDIX C

State Concurrence and ARARs Review

(Including Louisiana Laboratory Accreditations for Gulf Coast Analytical Laboratories)

SECOND FIVE-YEAR REVIEW REPORT FOR THE PETRO-PROCESSORS OF LOUISIANA, INC. SITE EAST BATON ROUGE PARISH, LOUISIANA LAD057482713

(9 pages)

December 2010

UNITED STATES ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION AGENCY



REGION 6 1445 ROSS AVENUE, SUITE 1200 DALLAS, TX 75202-2733

January 21, 2010

Mr. Thomas Stafford, Environmental Scientist Louisiana Department of Environmental Quality Remediation Services Division PO Box 4314. Baton Rouge, LA 70821-4314

Re: **Petro Processors, Inc. Site; AI#2469**, EPA Site ID # LAD057482713 Request for Applicable or Relevant and Appropriate Requirements (ARARs)

Dear Mr. Stafford:

The U.S. Environmental Protection Agency (EPA) is currently involved in conducting a second five year review at the Petro Processors Site. Under Section 121(d)(2)(A) of the Comprehensive Environmental Response, Compensation, and Liability Act (CERCLA), as amended by the Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act (SARA), the remedial actions must meet any Federal standards, requirements, criteria, or limitations that are determined to be legally applicable or relevant and appropriate requirements (ARARs) as well as any State ARARs that are more stringent than Federal requirements.

On February 11, 2005, during the first five year review, Mr. Keith L Casanova, Administrator, informed us that they has identified only one ARAR that pertains to the Petro Processors Site. This was the requirement that all chemical analyses must be conducted by a laboratory that has complied with the Laboratory Accreditation Program promulgated on May 20, 1998. Now during the second five year review we would like to confirm there are no new ARARs.

We appreciate the Louisiana Department of Environmental Quality's cooperation with EPA in addressing the cleanup issues associated with this site. For additional information regarding current and future plans for this site, please contact me at (214) 665-6662.

Sincerely yours. vitolome Alinelle Bartolome J. Canéflas (6SF-RL)

Cc; Bryan McReynolds NPC Services 2401 Brooklawn Drive Baton Rouge, LA 70807-6200 BOBBY JINDAL GOVERNOR



DEQ_20100430_001 Peggy M. Hatch secretary

State of Louisiana department of environmental quality environmental services

April 30, 2010

Bartolome J. Canellas (6SF-LP) Environmental Engineer US Environmental Protection Agency 1445 Ross Avenue Dallas, TX 75202-2733

RE: Applicable or Relevant and Appropriate Requirements (ARARS) Petro Processors Brooklawn Rd, AI 2469 Petro Processors Scenic Highway, AI 83225 Baton Rouge, East Baton Rouge Parish

Dear Mr. Canellas:

The Louisiana Department of Environmental Quality/ Remediation Services Division (LDEQ/RSD) has identified only one ARAR that pertains to Petro that is not found in federal regulation; Chemical analyses must be conducted by a laboratory that has complied with the Laboratory Accreditation Program that was promulgated on May 20, 1998.

These regulations provide requirements for an accreditation program applicable to commercial laboratories, and federal, state and local government laboratories performing analyses reportable to the LDEQ. The program is designed to ensure the accuracy, precision, and reliability of the data generated, as well as the use of department-approved methodologies in the generation of that data. Laboratory data generated by commercial environmental laboratories that are not accredited under these regulations will not be accepted by LDEQ.

Please direct all future correspondence regarding remediation issues in triplicate to:

Thomas F. Harris, Administrator Remediation Services Division P. O. Box 4313 Baton Rouge, LA 70821-4313. Petro Processors Page 2

Please feel free to call Thomas L. Stafford at (225) 219-3222 if you have any questions or comments regarding this matter.

Sincerely,

Thomas L. Stafford Environmental Scientist Remediation Services Division

/tls

Cc: Imaging Operations - IAS NPC Services; Bryan McReynolds; 2401 Brooklawn Drive Baton Rouge, LA 70807-6200



STATE OF LOUISIANA DEPARTMENT OF ENVIRONMENTAL QUALITY

Is hereby granting a Louisiana Environmental Laboratory Accreditation to:

Gulf Coast Analytical Labs 7979 GSRI Avenue Baton Rouge, LA 70820

Agency Interest No. 30632

According to the Louisiana Administrative Code, Title 33, Part I. Subpart 3, LABORATORY ACCREDITATION, the State of Louisiana formally recognizes that this laboratory is technically competent to perform the environmental analyses listed on the scope of accreditation detailed in the attachment.

The laboratory agrees to perform all analyses listed on this scope of accreditation according to the Part I, Subpart 3 requirements and acknowledges that continued accreditation is dependent on successful ongoing compliance with the applicable requirements of Part I. Please contact the Department of Environmental Quality, Louisiana Environmental Laboratory Accreditation Program (LELAP) to verify the laboratory's scope of accreditation and accreditation status. Accreditation by the State of Louisiana is not an endorsement or a guarantee of validity of the data generated by the laboratory, and does not constitute an endorsement of the suitability of the listed methods for any specific application.

To be accredited initially and maintain accreditation, the laboratory agrees to participate in two single-blind, single-concentration PT studies, where available, per year for each field of testing for which it seeks accreditation or maintains accreditation as required in LAC 33:L4711.

Melvin/C. Mitchell Sr., Accreditation Officer Louisiana Environmental Laboratory Accreditation Program Certificate Number: 01955 Expiration Date: June 30, 2006 Issued On: July 1, 2005



STATE OF LOUISIANA DEPARTMENT OF ENVIRONMENTAL QUALITY

Is hereby granting a Louisiana Environmental Laboratory Accreditation to:



Gulf Coast Analytical Labs 7979 GSRI Avenue Baton Rouge, LA 70820

Agency Interest No. 30632

According to the Louisiana Administrative Code, Title 33, Part I, Subpart 3, LABORATORY ACCREDITATION, the State of Louisiana formally recognizes that this laboratory is technically competent to perform the environmental analyses listed on the scope of accreditation detailed in the attachment.

The laboratory agrees to perform all analyses listed on this scope of accreditation according to the Part I, Subpart 3 requirements and acknowledges that continued accreditation is dependent on successful ongoing compliance with the applicable requirements of Part I. Please contact the Department of Environmental Quality, Louisiana Environmental Laboratory Accreditation Program (LELAP) to verify the laboratory's scope of accreditation and accreditation status. Accreditation by the State of Louisiana is not an endorsement or a guarantee of validity of the data generated by the laboratory, and does not constitute an endorsement of the suitability of the listed methods for any specific application.

To be accredited initially and maintain accreditation, the laboratory agrees to participate in two single-blind, single-concentration PT studies, where available, per year for each field of testing for which it seeks accreditation or maintains accreditation as required in LAC 33:I.4711.

Melvin G. Milchell Sr., Accreditation Officer Louisiana Environmental Laboratory Accreditation Program Certificate Number: 01955 Expiration Date: June 30, 2007 Issued On: July 1, 2006



STATE OF LOUISIANA DEPARTMENT OF ENVIRONMENTAL QUALITY

Is hereby granting a Louisiana Environmental Laboratory Accreditation to



THE NELAC INSTITUTE Agency Interest No. 30632

According to the Louisiana Administrative Code, Title 33, Part I, Subpart 3, LABORATORY ACCREDITATION, the State of Louisiana formally recognizes that this laboratory is technically competent to perform the environmental analyses listed on the scope of accreditation detailed in the attachment.

The laboratory agrees to perform all analyses listed on this scope of accreditation according to the NELAC standards and Part I, Subpart 3 requirements and acknowledges that continued accreditation is dependent on successful ongoing compliance with the applicable requirements of Part I. Please contact the Department of Environmental Quality, Louisiana Environmental Laboratory Accreditation Program (LELAP) to verify the laboratory's scope of accreditation and accreditation status. Accreditation by the State of Louisiana is not an endorsement or a guarantee of validity of the data generated by the laboratory.

To be accredited initially and maintain accreditation, the laboratory agrees to participate in two single-blind, single-concentration PT studies, where available, per year for each field of testing for which it seeks accreditation or maintains accreditation as required in LAC 33:1.4711.

Melvin C. Mitchell Sr., Accreditation Officer Louisiana Environmental Laboratory Accreditation Program Certificate Number: 01955 Expiration Date: June 30, 2009 Issued On: July 1, 2008



According to the Louisiana Administrative Code, Title 33, Part I, Subpart 3, LABORATORY ACCREDITATION, the State of Louisiana formally recognizes that this laboratory is technically competent to perform the environmental analyses listed on the scope of accreditation detailed in the attachment.

The laboratory agrees to perform all analyses listed on this scope of accreditation according to the Part I, Subpart 3 requirements and acknowledges that continued accreditation is dependent on successful ongoing compliance with the applicable requirements of Part I. Please contact the Department of Environmental Quality, Louisiana Environmental Laboratory Accreditation Program (LELAP) to verify the laboratory's scope of accreditation and accreditation status. Accreditation by the State of Louisiana is not an endorsement or a guarantee of validity of the data generated by the laboratory, and does not constitute an endorsement of the suitability of the listed methods for any specific application.

To be accredited initially and maintain accreditation, the laboratory agrees to participate in two single-blind, single-concentration PT studies, where available, per year for each field of testing for which it seeks accreditation or maintains accreditation as required in LAC 33:I.4711.

Mathan Lury

Nathan Levy, Administrator Permit Support Services Division

Certificate Number: 01955 Expiration Date: June 30, 2010 Issued On: July 1, 2009


STATE OF LOUISIANA **DEPARTMENT OF ENVIRONMENTAL QUALITY**

Is hereby granting a Louisiana Environmental Laboratory Accreditation to



Gulf Coast Analytical Laboratories Inc 7979 GSRI Ave Baton Rouge, LA 70820

Agency Interest No. 3476

According to the Louisiana Administrative Code, Title 33, Part I, Subpart 3, LABORATORY ACCREDITATION, the State of Louisiana formally recognizes that this laboratory is technically competent to perform the environmental analyses listed on the scope of accreditation detailed in the Minutes Minutes Minutes Al attachment.

The laboratory agrees to perform all analyses listed on this scope of accreditation according to the Part I, Subpart 3 requirements and acknowledges that continued accreditation is dependent on successful ongoing compliance with the applicable requirements of Part I. Please contact the Department of Environmental Quality, Louisiana Environmental Laboratory Accreditation Program (LELAP) to verify the laboratory's scope of accreditation and accreditation status,

Accreditation by the State of Louisiana is not an endorsement or a guarantee of validity of the data generated by the laboratory. To be accredited initially and maintain accreditation, the laboratory agrees to participate in two single-blind, single-concentration PT studies, where available, per year for each field of testing for which it seeks accreditation or maintains accreditation as required in LAC 33:I.4711.

Chotoper & Mayn

Christopher Mayeux, Environmental Scientist Manager Notifications and Accreditations Section Permit Support Services Division

Certificate Number: 01955 Expiration Date: June 30, 2011 Issued On: July 1, 2010

APPENDIX D

Site Survey Forms

SECOND FIVE-YEAR REVIEW REPORT FOR THE PETRO-PROCESSORS OF LOUISIANA, INC. SITE EAST BATON ROUGE PARISH, LOUISIANA LAD057482713

(20 pages)

December 2010

APPENDIX D FIRST FIVE-YEAR REVIEW REPORT

Petro-Processors Of Louisiana, Inc. Site East Baton Rouge Parish, Louisiana

Site Survey Forms

INTERVIEW DOCUMENTATION FORM					
The following is a list of individual interviewed for this five-year review. See the attached contact record(s) for a summary of the interviews.					
Name	Title/Position	Organization	Date		
Thomas Stafford	Environmental Scientist	LA Department of Environmental Quality	4/13/2010		
Bart Canellas	Remedial Project Manager	EPA Region 6	6/3/2010		
Jack Collins	Facility Manager	Dayspring Group	3/1/2010		
Michael J. Truex	Sr. Project Manager	Battelle Northwest	3/2/2010		
W. David Constant	Humphreys Turner Professor and Interim Dean, College of Engineering	Louisiana State University	3/1/2010		
Jason McKinney	Community Involvement Coordinator	EPA Region 6	6/2/2010		
Darcie Olexia	Environmental Health Scientist Coordinator	LA Dept. of Health and Hospitals	3/2/2010		
Beverly Negri	Community Involvement Coordinator	EPA Region 6	5/16/2010		
Peter B. Lee	Senior Geologist	EcoScience Resource Group, LLC	3/2/2010		

		INTERVIEW	RECOR	RD	
Site Name: Petro-Proces	sors of Lou	isiana Inc. (PPI)		EPA ID No.: L	AD057482713
Subject: 5-Year Review				Time: 8:35	Date: 4/13/2010
Type: □ Telephone Location of Visit: N/A		'isit ⊠By Mail [□Other		□ Outgoing
		Contact Ma	de By:		
Name: Bryan McReynol	ds Ti t	tle: Process & Environm	ental Enginee	r Organization:	NPC Services, Inc.
		Individual Co	ntacted:		
Name: Thomas Stafford	Title: E	nvironmental Scientist	Organization	n: La. Dept of Envi	ronmental Quality
Telephone No: 225- 219 Fax No: 225-219-3239 E-Mail Address: Thomas.Stafford@la.gov	-3222	Street Address: Remediation Services 602 N. Fifth Street Baton Rouge, LA 70	Division 802	Mailing Address: Remediation Servic P.O. Box 4313 Baton Rouge, Loui	ces Division siana 70821-4313
		Summary Of 1	[nterview	u	
 What effects have s The project caused residents and indus considerable conce the "New" North L There is additional contaminated by pa to the NPL that is a Administrative Ord Are you aware of an so, please give deta There is still some of 	ite operation a lot of con- trial facilit rn about of andfill, Cle concern al st activity lso causing er issued by ny communits.	ons had on the surround acern earlier in its oper ies. The site does not of ther facilities that are of ean Harbors (formerly pout biota taken from a at the site. Finally, the g concern about biota. y the U. S. EPA. hity concerns regarding at the investigation has	ding commun ration. There cause near the und have been Rollins), and reas of Devil re is another This site is b g the site or it underestima	hity? e were odor compl e concern anymor n operated in the a the "old" Devil's Swamp that hav site (Devil's Swar being investigated to the the threat the s	s. aints from near by e. There is rea. These include Swamp Landfill. ve been np Lake) proposed under a Unilateral ministration? If site poses to human
 4. Are you aware of an emergency response If so, please give de the 1980s before response 	conment. T and addition and addition application appli	There is also concern the onal migration. There cell from NPC using it was denied. incidents, or activities a ral authorities? re have been none rece orts began.	and resumd bat the remea was consider for disposal at the site suc ntly. There v	the inreal the s by will eventually for rable concern about of non-hazardous th as vandalism, tro were some fires at	ail, causing ut the firm that had industrial solid espassing, or Brooklawn during

- 5. Do you feel well informed about the site's activities and progress? *Yes*
- 6. Do you have any comments, suggestions, or recommendations regarding the site's management or operation? *No*

INTERVIEW RECORD					
Site Name: Petro-Processors of Lou	isiana Inc. (PPI)		EPA ID No.: LA	D057482713	
Subject: 5-Year Review			Time:	Date: 6/3/2010	
Type: □ Telephone □ V Location of Visit: N/A	'isit ⊠By Mail	□Other	□ Incoming □] Outgoing	
	Contact 1	Made By:			
Name: Bryan McReynolds	Title: Process & F	Env. Engineer	Organization: NI	PC Services, Inc.	
	Individual	Contacted:			
Name: Bart Canellas	Title: Remedial P	roject Manager	Organization: EF	A Region 6	
Telephone No: 214-665-6662 Fax No: 214-665-6660 E-Mail Address: canellas.bart@epa.	.gov	Street Address: 1 City, State, Zip: 1	445 Ross Ave. Dallas, TX 75202-2	.733	
	Summary Of	Conversation			
 Summary Of Conversation Are you familiar with the Petro Processors of Louisiana Superfund Site located in the East Baton Rouge Parish? Yes. What is your overall impression of the project (general sentiment)? Work has been completed in accordance to a Consent Decree signed in a Federal Court. Operation and maintenance activities are ongoing, monitoring of the site is ongoing as per approved plans, and additional investigations are carried out in areas where monitoring has shown the need of additional work. Are you aware of what effects have site operations had on the surrounding community? Uncontrollable releases of the past are now under control. There are no more uncontrollable releases to the swamp or the air. Are you aware of any community concerns regarding the site or its operation and administration? If so, please give details. No particular concerns related to this site. Concerns related to other sites and facilities being addressed by EPA and LDEQ under the regulatory programs for those sites. Are you aware of any events, incidents, or activities at the site such as vandalism, trespassing, broken fences, damaged fences, or emergency responses from local authorities? If so, please give details. Not aware of any significant events that could affect the protectiveness of the site. Inspections have shown the site is fenced, secure, monitored and O&M activities are carried out as planned. 					
 Yes, monitoring activities are call 7. Are you aware of any significant last five years? Not a significant change, but as preserver al years of monitoring showns 	rried out as required changes in Operation planned, sediment so ving no adverse effect	l and properly repo on and Maintenance ampling at the Scen cts.	rted to the EPA and activities or samplic ic site will be discon	<i>l the State.</i> ing routines in the <i>ntinued after</i>	

- 8. Are you aware of any problems related to site access control, road maintenance, site security? *None, access control is maintained.*
- Are you aware of any settlement, cracks, erosion, stressed vegetation, damage to the vegetative cover or ponding of water over the backfilled areas? No settlements, cracks, erosion or stressed vegetation observed as per the latest site inspection conducted by the EPA and State (LDEQ) project coordinators.
- 10. Are you aware of any spills, seeps, or run-off of potentially contaminated liquids into the swamp? Please explain.

No. After implementation of the remedy, Swamp portions of the site are periodically monitored as per the approved plans and results reported to the regulatory agencies.

- 11. Do you have any comments, suggestions, or recommendations regarding the site's management or operation? *Site management is very responsive in addressing areas where monitoring activities have shown the need of additional work. Examples of this include:*
 - repairing areas where erosion has been noted,
 - conducting pilot testing (field testing) of Enhance Attenuation to speed-up natural physical-chemical and biological processes,
 - conducting additional characterization of the area known as the +20 MSL Channel within the boundaries of the Scenic site and the Baxter Tract Property now fully owned by NPC Services,
 - preparing additional plans for near-source control to augment the approved natural attenuation remedy and
 - supporting on-going characterization of bacterial populations with investigators from the Louisiana State University.
- 12. Are you aware of any changes in actual or projected land uses?

No.

INTERVIEW RECORD					
Site Na	ame: Petro-Processors of Louis	siana Inc. (PPI)		EPA ID No.:	LAD057482713
Subject	et: 5-Year Review			Time:	Date: 3/1/2010
Type: Locatio	□ Telephone □ Vi on of Visit: N/A	sit 🛛 🖾 By Mail	□Other		□ Outgoing
		Contact I	Made By:		
Name:	Bryan McReynolds	Title: Process & E	env. Engineer	Organization:	NPC Services, Inc.
		Individual	Contacted:		
Name:	Jack Collins	Title: Facility Mar	nager	Organization:	Dayspring Group
Telepho Fax No E-Mail	tone No: 225-778-6210 p: 225-778-6299 l Address: mcollins@daysg.co	m	Street Address: City, State, Zip:	P.O. Box 1008 2 Zachary, LA 707	791
		Summary Of	Conversation		
 Par Par Yes Wi Go Ara suc Ara ple No Ara dan No Do Yes Ara lasi No Ara lasi No Ara No Ara Suc 	rish? s. hat is your overall impression of ood. The Site remedy is effective re you aware of what effects hav um not aware of any negative effects are um not aware of any negative effects hav um not aware of any negative effects hav um not aware of any community ease give details. one re you aware of any events, incli- maged fences, or emergency re one o you feel well informed about rs re you aware of any significant st five years? o significant changes in the last re you aware of any problems re o you feel well of any problems re o you aware of any problems re o you aware of any problems re o you aware of any problems re	of the project (gener ve. Work continues ve site operations ha fects. NPC and its rts community orga concerns regarding idents, or activities i issponses from local the site's activities i changes in Operatio	al sentiment)? to be performed in ad on the surround contractors active nizations in the A. g the site or its ope at the site such as authorities? If so, and progress? on and Maintenane control, road mai	n a safe environma ling community? ely participate in c lsen community. eration and admini vandalism, trespan , please give detail ce activities or sar	ent. community programs istration? If so, ssing, broken fences, ls.

- Are you aware of any settlement, cracks, erosion, stressed vegetation, damage to the vegetative cover or ponding of water over the backfilled areas?
 I am not aware of any of these issues in the backfilled areas.
- Are you aware of any spills, seeps, or run-off of potentially contaminated liquids into the swamp? Please explain. No
- 11. Do you have any comments, suggestions, or recommendations regarding the site's management or operation? *No comments, suggestions or recommendations*
- 12. Are you aware of any changes in actual or projected land uses? No

INTERVIEW RECORD					
Site	Name: Petro-Processors of Loui	isiana Inc. (PPI)		EPA ID No.:	LAD057482713
Sub	ject: 5-Year Review			Time:	Date: 3/2/2010
Typ Loc	e:	isit 🛛 🖾 By Mail	□Other		□ Outgoing
		Contact 1	Made By:		
Nar	ne: Bryan McReynolds	Title: Process & H	Env. Engineer	Organization	: NPC Services, Inc.
		Individual	Contacted:		
Nar	ne: Michael J. Truex	Title: Program Ma	anager	Organization	a: Battelle Northwest
Tele Fax E-N	ephone No: 509-376-5461 x No: 509-372-1704 Mail Address: mj.truex@pnl.gov		Street Address: City, State, Zip:	P.O. Box 999 Richland, WA 9	99352
		Summary Of	Conversation		
 Are you familiar with the Petro Processors of Louisiana Superfund Site located in the East Baton Rouge Parish? Yes. What is your overall impression of the project (general sentiment)? <i>Cleanup and containment are underway to mitigate the risk from contamination.</i> Are you aware of what effects have site operations had on the surrounding community? <i>No</i> Are you aware of any community concerns regarding the site or its operation and administration? If so, please give details. <i>No</i> Are you aware of any events, incidents, or activities at the site such as vandalism, trespassing, broken fences, demograd fences on processors from local with evidence of the site of the sterils. 					
 Are you aware of any problems related to site access control, road maintenance, site security? <i>No</i> Do you feel well informed about the site's activities and progress? <i>Yes, in terms of the technical details of the remedy.</i> Are you aware of any significant changes in Operation and Maintenance activities or sampling routines in the last five years? <i>No, other than the recent activities being conducted under the current work plan for the site.</i> Are you aware of any problems related to site access control, road maintenance, site security? <i>No</i> Are you aware of any settlement, cracks, erosion, stressed vegetation, damage to the vegetative cover or ponding of water over the backfilled areas? 				ampling routines in the <i>e site</i> . curity? getative cover or	

- Are you aware of any spills, seeps, or run-off of potentially contaminated liquids into the swamp? Please explain. No
- 11. Do you have any comments, suggestions, or recommendations regarding the site's management or operation? *No*
- 12. Are you aware of any changes in actual or projected land uses? No

INTERVIEW RECORD					
Site Na	Site Name: Petro-Processors of Louisiana Inc. (PPI)			EPA ID No.: LA	.D057482713
Subject	:t: 5-Year Review			Time:	Date: 3/1/2010
Type: Locatio	□ Telephone □ Vi on of Visit: N/A	isit 🛛 🖾 By Mail	□Other] Outgoing
		Contact I	Made By:		
Name:	Bryan McReynolds	Title: Process & F	Env. Engineer	Organization: N	PC Services, Inc.
		Individual	Contacted:		
Name:	W. David Constant	Title: Interim Dea	n, Graduate Sch.	Organization: La	a State University
Telepho Fax No E-Mail	ione No: 225-578-3885 o: 225-578-1370 l Address: hscons@lsu.edu		Street Address: 1 City, State, Zip: 1	19 David Boyd Ha Baton Rouge, LA 7	ll West 0803
		Summary Of	Conversation		
 Are you familiar with the Petro Processors of Louisiana Superfund Site located in the East Baton Rouge Parish? Yes What is your overall impression of the project (general sentiment)? Everything is proceeding as is the plan with appropriate safeguards in place. Are you aware of what effects have site operations had on the surrounding community? I'm not aware of any issues or problems with the surrounding community. Model results reviewed do not indicate a risk issue present. Are you aware of any community concerns regarding the site or its operation and administration? If so, please give details. No. Are you aware of any events, incidents, or activities at the site such as vandalism, trespassing, broken fences, damaged fences, or emergency responses from local authorities? If so, please give details. No. 					
 Do Yes 7. Ard lass <i>Tranee</i> 8. Ard No 	you reer wen mormed about s, very well informed. re you aware of any significant st five years? <i>ansition from active to passive</i> reded. re you aware of any problems re	changes in Operation remedy – monitored elated to site access	on and Maintenance d natural attenuatio control, road maint	e activities or sampl on, with plans for ac tenance, site securit	ting routines in the active remedies if ty?

- 9. Are you aware of any settlement, cracks, erosion, stressed vegetation, damage to the vegetative cover or ponding of water over the backfilled areas? No
- Are you aware of any spills, seeps, or run-off of potentially contaminated liquids into the swamp? Please explain.
 No, not in the swamp.
- 11. Do you have any comments, suggestions, or recommendations regarding the site's management or operation? *All are doing a great job to protect human health and environment.*
- 12. Are you aware of any changes in actual or projected land uses? No

INTERVIEW RECORD					
Site Name: Petro-Processors of Louisiana Inc. (PPI)			EPA ID No.: LAD057482713		
Subject: 5-Year Review			Time:	Date: 6/2/2010	
Type:□Telephone□∨Location of Visit:N/A	isit 🛛 🖾 By Mail	□Other		□ Outgoing	
	Contact]	Made By:			
Name: Bryan McReynolds	Title: Process & H	Env. Engineer	Organization:	NPC Services, Inc.	
	Individual	Contacted:			
Name: Jason McKinney	Title: Community Coordinator	Involvement	Organization:	EPA Region 6	
Telephone No:214-665-8132Street AddressFax No:City, State, ZipE-Mail Address:McKinney, Jason@epa.gov		Street Address: City, State, Zip:	1445 Ross Ave. Dallas, TX 75202	2-2733	
	Summary Of	Conversation			
 Are you familiar with the Petro F Parish? Yes. What is your overall impression of My overall impression is that the Are you aware of what effects ha No I am not aware of either positic community I would assume positic community I would assume positic community I would assume positic please give details. I am not aware of any community please give details. Are you aware of any events, including defences, or emergency rest There is 24 hours security for the fences, damaged fences, or emerged Do you feel well informed about Yes but not only by the information Are you aware of any significant last five years? I am not aware of any significant routines in the last five years 	Processors of Louisia of the project (gener EPA is doing a exc we site operations h tive or negative effec- sitive one y concerns regarding idents, or activities esponses from local e site so at this point gency responses from the site's activities on readily made ava- changes in Operation t changes regarding	ana Superfund Site ral sentiment)? ellence job at clear ad on the surrounds cts the site operation g the site or its oper at the site of its oper at the site such as w authorities? If so, t I have not heard of m local authorities and progress? uilable by the U.S. If on and Maintenanc Operation and Ma	located in the Ea ning up the contan- ing community? ons had had on th ration and admini rations	st Baton Rouge minants e surrounding stration? If so, nistration. ssing, broken fences, s. trespassing, broken online access apling routines in the ies or sampling	

- 8. Are you aware of any problems related to site access control, road maintenance, site security? I am not aware of any problems related to the site as for access control, road maintenance, or site security. With 24 hours on-site security I would think that there would be no unauthorized site access from nongovernment individuals.
- 9. Are you aware of any settlement, cracks, erosion, stressed vegetation, damage to the vegetative cover, or ponding of water over the backfilled areas? *none at this time...*
- Are you aware of any spills, seeps, or run-off of potentially contaminated liquids into the swamp? Please explain. No, none at this time.
- 11. Do you have any comments, suggestions, or recommendations regarding the site's management or operation? *No, none at this time.*
- 12. Are you aware of any changes in actual or projected land uses? *No, none at this time...*

]	INTERVIE	W RECOR	D	
Site Name: Petro-Processors of Louisiana Inc. (PPI)			EPA ID No.: LAD057482713	
Subject: 5-Year Review			Time:	Date: 3/2/2010
Type: □ Telephone □ V Location of Visit: N/A	isit 🛛 🖾 By Mail	□Other		□ Outgoing
	Contact]	Made By:		
Name: Bryan McReynolds	Title: Process & I	Env. Engineer	Organization	h: NPC Services, Inc.
	Individual	Contacted:		
Name: Darcie Olexia	Title: Environmen Scientist Coordina	ntal Health ator	Organization Health & Hos	1: La. Department of spitals
Telephone No: 225-219-4586 Fax No: E-Mail Address: dolexia@la.gov	Telephone No: 225-219-4586StreetFax No:City, SE-Mail Address: dolexia@la.gov		Baton Rouge, L	LA
	Summary Of	Conversation		
 Parish? Yes. What is your overall impression Stakeholders are informed of EP information with state and federa Are you aware of what effects ha I am not aware of any effects that Are you aware of any community please give details. No. Are you aware of any events, inc damaged fences, or emergency re No. Do you feel well informed about I receive updates from the EPA re fact sheet for February 2010 to it Are you aware of any significant last five years? No. Are you aware of any problems re No. 	of the project (gener A's current actions al site managers. Ave site operations ha to site operations ha y concerns regarding cidents, or activities esponses from local the site's activities nailing list regarding nform about the sec c changes in Operation related to site access	ral sentiment)? at the PPI site and ad on the surroundi we had on the comm g the site or its open at the site such as w authorities? If so, and progress? and progress? any upcoming site ond five-year review on and Maintenance s control, road main	are provided and ing community? munity. ration and admin vandalism, tresp please give deta e events, includ w at the PPI site e activities or sa tenance, site sec	n opportunity to share ? nistration? If so, assing, broken fences, als. <i>ling the most recent</i> e. ampling routines in the curity?

9. Are you aware of any settlement, cracks, erosion, stressed vegetation, damage to the vegetative cover or ponding of water over the backfilled areas?

In September 2006, SEET evaluated post-Katrina groundwater samples and remarks from the EPA/CH2MHILL site evaluation. Groundwater samples were analyzed for VOCs and were below ATSDR health based comparison values. As stated in the February 2006 CH2MHILL Technical Memorandum, there were no observations of flooding or hurricane related damage at the entire site. No erosion or damage was observed to the site caps; the recovery system and equipment did not have any damage as a result of the hurricane; no flooding or damage was observed to the recovery wells at the site.

- Are you aware of any spills, seeps, or run-off of potentially contaminated liquids into the swamp? Please explain. No.
- 11. Do you have any comments, suggestions, or recommendations regarding the site's management or operation? *No*.
- 12. Are you aware of any changes in actual or projected land uses? *No*.

	INTERVIE	W RECOR	RD		
Site Name: Petro-Processors of Louisiana Inc. (PPI)			EPA ID No.	: LAD057482713	
Subject: 5-Year Review			Time:	Date: 5/16/2010	
Type:□Telephone□Location of Visit:N/A	Visit 🛛 🖾 By Mail	□Other		□ Outgoing	
	Contact	Made By:			
Name: Bryan McReynolds	Title: Process & I	Env. Engineer	Organizatio	n: NPC Services, Inc.	
	Individual	Contacted:			
Name: Beverly Negri	Title: Community Coordinator	/ Involvement	Organizatio	n: EPA Region 6	
Telephone No: 214-665-8157Street Address:Fax No:City, State, Zip:E-Mail Address: Negri.beverly@epa.gov		: 1445 Ross Ave : Dallas, TX 752	e. 202-2733		
	Summary Of	Conversation			
Fax No: City, State, Zip: Dallas, TX 75202-2733 E-Mail Address: Negri.beverly@epa.gov Summary Of Conversation 1. Are you familiar with the Petro Processors of Louisiana Superfund Site located in the East Baton Rouge Parish? Yes. Notation to the project (general sentiment)? 2. What is your overall impression of the project (general sentiment)? Limited community interest. I would guess that 755 of the community don't care about the site. They are more concerned about the landfill in the community and the other NPL site in the community. 3. Are you aware of what effects have site operations had on the surrounding community? In reviewing the 2 nd 5-year review, it appears that the remedy is affective and has been so since construction completion. 4. Are you aware of any community concerns regarding the site or its operation and administration? If so, please give details. No knowledge. 5. Are you aware of any events, incidents, or activities at the site such as vandalism, trespassing, broken fences, damaged fences, or emergency responses from local authorities? If so, please give details. No. 6. Do you feel well informed about the site's activities and progress? Limited, but I know where to go to secure information if needed. 7. Are you aware of any significant changes in Operation and Maintenance activities or sampling routines in the last five years? No. 8 Are you aware of any problems related to site access control road maintenance site security?					

- Are you aware of any settlement, cracks, erosion, stressed vegetation, damage to the vegetative cover or ponding of water over the backfilled areas? *No.*
- Are you aware of any spills, seeps, or run-off of potentially contaminated liquids into the swamp? Please explain. No.
- 11. Do you have any comments, suggestions, or recommendations regarding the site's management or operation? *No.*
- 12. Are you aware of any changes in actual or projected land uses? *Not at this time.*

INTERVIEW RECORD					
Site Name: Petro-Processors of Louisiana Inc. (PPI)			EPA ID No.:	LAD057482713	
Subject: 5-Year Review			Time:	Date: 3/2/2010	
Type:□Telephone□ViLocation of Visit:N/A	isit 🛛 🖾 By Mail	□Other		□ Outgoing	
	Contact I	Made By:			
Name: Bryan McReynolds	Title: Process & E	Env. Engineer	Organization:	NPC Services, Inc.	
	Individual	Contacted:			
Name: Peter B. Lee	Title: Senior Geol	ogist	Organization: Resource Grou	EcoScience p, LLC	
Telephone No: 225-755-8844 Fax No: 225-755-8845 E-Mail Address: plee@esrgroup.com	Telephone No: 225-755-8844Street Address:Fax No: 225-755-8845City, State, Zip:E-Mail Address: plee@esrgroup.comCity, State, Zip:		1827 Sunray A Baton Rouge, LA	ve. A 70816	
	Summary Of	Conversation			
 Are you familial with the redor Parish? Yes. What is your overall impression of <i>Since my involvement in 1991, the</i> <i>technology to reduce risk to the e</i> Are you aware of what effects ha <i>I am not aware of any negative ej</i> <i>such as financial contributions an</i> Are you aware of any community please give details. <i>No, I am not aware of any concer</i> Are you aware of any events, inci- damaged fences, or emergency re <i>No, I am not aware of any of the</i> <i>from occurring</i>. Do you feel well informed about <i>Information and documents are e</i> Are you aware of any significant last five years? <i>Monitored Natural Attenuation (I Operation and sampling activitie</i> Are you aware of any problems r <i>No, I am not aware of any problems r</i> <i>No, I am not aware of any problems r</i> 	of the project (gener e project has been m nvironment. ve site operations ha ffects. Employees ar nd public road litter v concerns regarding rns. idents, or activities esponses from local above. Operations of the site's activities the site's activities asily available to the changes in Operation MNA) has been used s have changed to s elated to site access rms. These functions	and Superfund Site i nanaged and perfor ad on the surroundin <i>ad contractors have</i> <i>maintenance to ber</i> g the site or its opera at the site such as va authorities? If so, p and maintenance ha and progress? <i>the public through bac</i> on and Maintenance <i>d for remediation ar</i> <i>upport the MNA</i> . control, road maint <i>s are properly imple</i>	med in using the ng community? participated in p nefit the commun ation and admini andalism, trespan please give detail ve been manage oth LDEQ and E activities or sam ad pump and treat enance, site secu- mented.	e best available many positive ways nity. istration? If so, ssing, broken fences, ls. d to prevent these PA internet sites. npling routines in the at was discontinued. urity?	

- 9. Are you aware of any settlement, cracks, erosion, stressed vegetation, damage to the vegetative cover or ponding of water over the backfilled areas? Not over backfilled waste areas. Only erosion at the low water bridge over the bayou at Scenic which does not compromise the integrity of the waste-containing areas.
- 10. Are you aware of any spills, seeps, or run-off of potentially contaminated liquids into the swamp? Please explain.

No, I am not aware of any other than the original problems prior to 1991.

- 11. Do you have any comments, suggestions, or recommendations regarding the site's management or operation? *The site is managed and operated very professionally and effectively by NPC Services, Inc. and their contractors. I recommend continued management and operation by these entities with continued regulatory support and assistance.*
- 12. Are you aware of any changes in actual or projected land uses? No, I am not aware of any actual or projected changes with former waste-containing or contaminated areas. use of the former vault area, which was originally intended for waste deposition but never used, has been proposed as a landfill in the past.

APPENDIX E

Site Photographs

SECOND FIVE-YEAR REVIEW REPORT FOR THE PETRO-PROCESSORS OF LOUISIANA, INC. SITE EAST BATON ROUGE PARISH, LOUISIANA

LAD057482713

(17 pages)

December 2010

APPENDIX E SECOND FIVE-YEAR REVIEW REPORT

Petro-Processors of Louisiana, Inc. Site East Baton Rouge Parish, Louisiana

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Photograph 2 – Security Building and Card Key Access Reader, SW 9/22/10



Photograph 4 – North Perimeter Fence, Brooklawn OU, South 4/6/10



Photograph 6 – Monitoring Well P-1223-3, Brooklawn OU, Northwest 4/6/10



Photograph 8 – Covered Disposal Area, Brooklawn OU, East, 4/6/10





Photograph 12 – North Perimeter Fence, Brooklawn OU, Northwest 4/6/10





Photograph 16 – Entrance Gate to Middle Channel Fill, South 4/6/10







Page 13 of 17






Photograph 28 – Bridge Construction, Scenic OU, Southwest 6/1/10



Photograph 30 – Bridge Repaired, Scenic OU, West 6/3/10

APPENDIX F

Figures and Drawings

SECOND FIVE-YEAR REVIEW REPORT FOR THE PETRO-PROCESSORS OF LOUISIANA, INC. SITE EAST BATON ROUGE PARISH, LOUISIANA LAD057482713

December 2010

Appendix F

Figures and Drawings

List of Figures

<u>Figure No.</u>	Description
Figure 1	Regional Map
Figure 2	Vicinity Map
Figure 3	Brooklawn Site Conceptual Models
Figure 4	Groundwater Sample Locations Brooklawn Site
Figure 5	Location of Primary Source Transect Wells
Figure 6	Location of injection Wells for Primary & Secondary
	Treatment Zones

List of Drawings

Drawing No.	Description
<u>BK-99-121</u>	Lateral Extent of Contamination
<u>BK-99-151</u>	Brooklawn Base Map Location Plan
<u>BK-99-152</u>	Status of Contaminated Channels
<u>SC-02-100</u>	Monitor Well and Piezomenter Locations
<u>020-C-339 r2</u>	Middle Channel Clay Fill, Plan & Section

REGIONAL MAP Figure 1







FILE: RPA_4_5.DWG



Figure 4. Brooklawn OU Monitoring Well Locations.



Figure 5. Location of Primary Source Transect Monitoring Wells.

Figure 6. Location of the injection wells for the primary and secondary treatment zones, showing the three (3) existing field test wells and the locations of twenty-three (23) new wells installed for the source control remedial action.



Coordinate system: State Plane, NAD 83, 1702 - Louisiana South, US Survey Foot.











APPENDIX G

Site Inspection Checklist

SECOND FIVE-YEAR REVIEW REPORT FOR THE PETRO-PROCESSORS OF LOUISIANA, INC. SITE EAST BATON ROUGE PARISH, LOUIANA LAD057482713

(15 pages)

December 2010

Appendix G

Site Inspection Checklist

I. SITE INFORMATION					
Site name: Petro-Processors of Louisiana Inc. (PPI)	Date of inspection: April 7, 2010				
Location and Region: East Baton Rouge Parish, LA EPA ID: LAD057482713 Region 6					
Agency, office, or company leading the five-year review: EPA Region 6Weather/temperature: Partly Cloudy, 82°F					
Remedy Includes: (Check all that apply) Image: Monitored natural attenuation Image: Landfill cover/containment Image: Monitored natural attenuation Image: Access controls Image: Groundwater containment Image: Institutional controls Image: Vertical barrier walls Image: Groundwater pump and treatment Image: Vertical barrier walls Image: Surface water collection and treatment Image: Vertical barrier walls Image: Other: Image: Enhanced Attenuation and Natural Recovery					
Attachments: Inspection team roster see note belo	w. Site maps attached in Appendix F				
	(Check all that apply)				
1. O&M site manager Name Title Date Interviewed □ at site □ at office □ by phone Phone no Problems, suggestions; □Report attached					
2. O&M staff Title Date					
Problems, suggestions; \Box Report attached	Phone no				

<u>Note</u> The inspection team consisted of:

- 1. Mr. Bartolome J. Canellas, EPA Project Manager Region 6
- 2. Mr. Thomas Stafford, Environmental Scientist, Louisiana Department of Environmental Quality

3. Local regula office, police deeds, or oth	Local regulatory authorities and response agencies (i.e., State and Tribal offices, emergency response office, police department, office of public health or environmental health, zoning office, recorder of deeds, or other city and county offices, etc.) Fill in all that apply.					
Agency <u>Low</u> Contact <u>The</u>	Agency Louisiana Dept. of Environmental Quality Contact Thomas Stafford Environmental Scientist 12/2010 (225) 219-3222					
Problems; su	Name Problems; suggestions; ⊠ Report attached <u>A</u>		Date urvey Forms	Phone no.		
Agency Contact						
Problems; su	Name ggestions; □ Report attached	Title	Date	Phone no.		
Agency Contact						
Problems; su	Name Problems; suggestions; Report attached		Date	Phone no.		
Agency Contact						
Problems; su	Name ggestions; Report attached	Title	Date	Phone no.		
4. Other interv	views (optional) 🗵 Report attach	ned. Appendix D,	Site Survey Forms			
Bart Canellas	Remedial Project Manager		EPA Region 6	6/3/10		
Jason McKinney	Community Involvement C	oordinator	EPA Region 6	6/2/10		
Beverly Negri	Community Involvement C	oordinator	EPA Region 6	5/16/10		
W. David Constant	and Interim Dean, The Grad	or duate School	Louisiana State Un	iversity 3/1/10		
Jack Collins	Facility Manager		Dayspring Group	3/1/10		
Michael J. Truex	Program Manager		Battelle Northwest	3/2/10		
Peter B. Lee	Senior Geologist		EcoScience Resour	ce Group 3/2/10		
Darcie Olexia	Environmental Health Scien	ntist Coord.	La. Dept. of Health	& Hospitals 3/2/10		

	III. ON-SITE DOCUMENTS & RECORDS VERIFIED (Check all that apply)					
1.	O&M Documents ⊠ O&M manual ⊠ As-built drawings ⊠ Maintenance logs Remarks	⊠ Readily available ⊠ Readily available ⊠ Readily available	⊠ Up to date ⊠ Up to date ⊠ Up to date	N/A N/A N/A		
2.	Site-Specific Health and Safety Plan ⊠ Contingency plan/emergency response Remarks	⊠ Readily available plan ⊠ Readily available	⊠ Up to date ⊠ Up to date	N/A N/A		
3.	O&M and OSHA Training Records Remarks	⊠ Readily available	⊠ Up to date	N/A		
4.	Permits and Service Agreements Air discharge permit ⊠ Effluent discharge Waste disposal, POTW Other permits Remarks: <u>The PPI site has an LPDES per</u>	Readily available ⊠ Readily available Readily available Readily available mit LA0066214.	Up to date ⊠ Up to date Up to date Up to date	⊠ N/A N/A ⊠ N/A ⊠ N/A		
5.	Gas Generation Records Remarks	Readily available	Up to date	X N/A		
6.	Settlement Monument Records Remarks	Readily available	Up to date	X N/A		
7.	Groundwater Monitoring Records Remarks: <u>The Long Range Monitoring Pl</u>	☑ Readily available lan requires annual monitorin	☑ Up to date ng and reporting	N/A which is current.		
8.	Leachate Extraction Records Remarks	Readily available	Up to date	X N/A		
9.	Discharge Compliance Records Air ⊠ Water (effluent) Remarks: <u>The PPI site discharges process</u> <u>Photographs 5 & 20, Appendix E, Site Pho</u> (Scenic OU). The result of sampling to con <u>cover is functioning as intended and storm</u> <u>Semivolatile analytes sampled are historic</u>	Readily available Readily available and storm water via an LPD otographs, show outfalls 006 mply with the discharge pern water is not being contamir sally BQL for both the Brook	Up to date ⊠Up to date ES Permit, LA00 A (Brooklawn O nit indicates that nated with site CO lawn and Scenic	⊠ N/A N/A 066214. See 0U) and 013C the protective OC. All VOC and OU.		
10.	Daily Access/Security Logs Remarks: <u>The PPI site used a Access Care</u> <u>Appendix E, Site Photographs.</u>	⊠ Readily available d Key system with computer	Up to date access logs. See	N/A 9 Photograph 2,		

				IV. O&M COSTS		
1.	O&M Organization					
	State in-ho	use		Contractor for State		
	PRP in-hou	ise		⊠ Contractor for PRP		
	Federal Fac	cility in-ho	ouse	Contractor for Federal Facility		
	Other					
2.	O&M Cost Records					
	Readily ava	ailable		⊠ Up to date,		
	<u>This is a PRP</u>	funded cl	ean up; the f	unding information is n	ot publicly available.	
	Funding m	echanism/	agreement in	place		
	Original O&l	M cost esti	mate		Breakdown attached	
		То	tal annual co	st by year for review pe	riod if available	
	From	То			Breakdown attached	
	Da	ite	Date	Total cost		
	From	To			Breakdown attached	
	Da	ite	Date	Total cost		
	From	То			Breakdown attached	
	Da	ite	Date	Total cost		
	From	То			Breakdown attached	
	Da	ate	Date	Total cost		
	From	To			Breakdown attached	
	Da	ate	Date	Total cost		
3.	Unanticipated or Unusually High O&M Costs During Review Period Describe costs and reasons:				eview Period	
	V. <i>A</i>	ACCESS A	AND INSTI	FUTIONAL CONTRO	DLS 🛛 Applicable N/A	
A. F	encing					
1.	Fencing dam	naged	Locatio	on shown on site man	X Gates secured N/A	

1.	Fencing damaged	Location shown on site map	⊠ Gates secured	N/A
	Remarks: The PPI site has	perimeter fencing, secured gates	s, all are in good cond	ition. See Photographs
	<u>1-4, 12, and 19 Appendix E</u>	<u>, Site Photographs.</u>		
B.	Other Access Restrictions			
1.	Signs and other security n	leasures Location sho	own on site map	N/A
	Remarks: The PPI site has	perimeter signs posted at both t	he Brooklawn and Sc	enic OU. See
	Photographs 3, 16 and 19, A	ppendix E, Site Photographs.		

C. Ins	stitutional Controls (ICs)				
1.	Implementation and enforcement				
	Site conditions imply ICs not properly implemented	Yes	🗵 No	N/A	
	Site conditions imply ICs not being fully enforced	Yes	🗵 No	N/A	
	Turne of manifesting (£			
	Type of monitoring (<i>e.g.</i> , self-reporting, drive by): <u>Site inspection, self-monitoring and reporting.</u> Erequency: Operations personnel conduct daily site inspections				
	Responsible party/agency: NPC Services. Inc.				
	Contact: J. Bryan McReynolds, P.E. Environmental Engineer	12/0	2/10 2	<u>25-778-6229</u>	
	Name Title	Da	te	Phone no.	
	Reporting is up-to-date	X Yes	No	N/A	
	Reporting is up to date Reports are verified by the lead agency	X Yes	No	N/A	
	Reports die Formed of the foud ageney	— 105	110	1011	
	Specific requirements in deed or decision documents have been met	Yes	No	🗵 N/A	
	Violations have been reported	Yes	No	🖾 N/A	
	Other problems or suggestions: Report attached				
2.	Adequacy ICs are adequate ICs are inadeq	luate		N/A	
	Remarks				
D. Ge					
2. 00			• •		
1.	Vandalism/trespassing Location shown on site map 🖾 No v	vandalism	evident	Discourse in the	
	Remarks: <u>The PPI site has perimeter fencing and access control to pre</u>	event van	dalism. S	see Photographs	
2					
2.	Land use changes on site N/A				
	Remarks: <u>There have been no changes to land use on site.</u>				
2					
3.	Land use changes off site N/A Remerker. There have been no changes to lend use off site				
	Remarks. <u>There have been no changes to faild use off site.</u>				
	VI. GENERAL SITE CONDITIONS				
A. Ro	ads 🛛 Applicable N/A				
1	Reads demaged Location shown on site man	de adoque	uto	N/A	
1.	Remarks: The PPI site has asphalt perimeter roads at the Brooklawn (US adequa	ne re in goo	d condition See	
	Photographs 1, 2, 4, 9, 11, and 12. Appendix E. Site Photographs. The	limeston	e roads a	at the Scenic OU	
	are also in good repair.				

B. O	ther Site Conditions
	Remarks
	VII. LANDFILL COVERS
A. L	andfill Surface
Rema fill in Appe	arks: <u>The PPI site has installed protective covers over the former disposal areas and has placed a protective</u> <u>BBR distributaries. These coverings are inspected and maintained. See Photographs 7, 8, 13, 14 and 22-24, ndix E, Site Photographs.</u>
1.	Settlement (Low spots) Location shown on site map Image: Settlement not evident Areal extent Depth Depth Remarks The settlement of evident Depth
2.	Cracks Location shown on site map Image: Cracking not evident Lengths Widths Depths Image: Cracking not evident Remarks Remarks Image: Cracking not evident Image: Cracking not evident
3.	Erosion Location shown on site map Image: Erosion not evident Areal extent Depth Erosion not evident Remarks Erosion not evident Erosion not evident
4.	Holes Location shown on site map Holes not evident Areal extent Depth Remarks Image: Content of the second
5.	Vegetative Cover Image: Cover property established Image: Cover property established Image: Cover property established Trees/Shrubs (indicate size and locations on a diagram) Remarks: Vegetation covers are inspected and maintained. See Photographs 7, 8, 13, 14, and 22-24, Appendix E, Site Photographs.
6.	Alternative Cover (armored rock, concrete, etc.) 🖾 N/A Remarks
7.	Bulges Location shown on site map ⊠ Bulges not evident Areal extent Height Remarks Height

8.	Wet Areas/Water Damage Wet areas Ponding Seeps Soft subgrade Remarks	e 🛛 Wet areas/water damage no Location shown on site map Location shown on site map Location shown on site map Location shown on site map	ot evident o Areal extent o Areal extent o Areal extent o Areal extent o Areal extent
9.	Slope Instability ⊠ S Areal extent Remarks: Photograph 10, A and maintained to ensure the Photographs.	lides Location shown on site map Appendix E, shows a repair on South L e integrity of the protective covers. See	No evidence of slope instability evee Road. The PPI site is inspected e Photographs 7 - 10, Appendix E, Site
B. B	enches Applica (Horizontally constructed n in order to slow down the v channel.)	able IN/A nounds of earth placed across a steep la elocity of surface runoff and intercept	andfill side slope to interrupt the slope and convey the runoff to a lined
1.	Flows Bypass Bench Remarks	Location shown on site map	N/A or okay
2.	Bench Breached Remarks	Location shown on site map	N/A or okay
3.	Bench Overtopped Remarks	Location shown on site map	N/A or okay
C. L	etdown Channels Applica (Channel lined with erosion slope of the cover and will cover without creating eros	able IN/A a control mats, riprap, grout bags, or ga allow the runoff water collected by the ion gullies.)	bions that descend down the steep side benches to move off of the landfill
1.	Settlement Areal extent Remarks	Location shown on site map N Depth	No evidence of settlement
2.	Material Degradation Material type Remarks	Location shown on site map N Areal extent	No evidence of degradation
3.	Erosion Areal extent Remarks	Location shown on site map N Depth	No evidence of erosion

4.	Undercutting Location shown on site map No evidence of undercutting Areal extent Depth No evidence of undercutting Remarks
5.	Obstructions Type No obstructions Location shown on site map Areal extent Size Remarks
6.	Excessive Vegetative Growth Type No evidence of excessive growth Vegetation in channels does not obstruct flow Location shown on site map Areal extent Remarks
D. C	ver Penetrations 🗵 Applicable N/A
1.	Gas Vents Active Passive Properly secured/locked Functioning Routinely sampled Good condition Evidence of leakage at penetration Needs Maintenance Maintenance X N/A Remarks Keeds Keeds
2.	Gas Monitoring ProbesRoutinely sampledGood conditionProperly secured/lockedFunctioningRoutinely sampledGood conditionEvidence of leakage at penetrationNeeds MaintenanceX/ARemarksKender KaleKender KaleKender Kale
3.	Monitoring Wells (within surface area of landfill) ⊠ Properly secured/locked ⊠ Functioning ⊠Routinely sampled ⊠ Good condition Evidence of leakage at penetration Needs Maintenance N/A Remarks: Monitoring Wells within the protective cover of the PPI Site are locked and secure and are in good condition. See Photographs 6, 21 and 25-26, Appendix E, Site Photographs.
4.	Leachate Extraction Wells Properly secured/locked Functioning Routinely sampled Good condition Evidence of leakage at penetration Needs Maintenance M/A Remarks
5.	Settlement Monuments Located Routinely surveyed N/A Remarks

E. Ga	E. Gas Collection and Treatment Applicable 🗵 N/A					
1.	Gas Treatment Facilities Flaring Good condition Remarks	Thermal destruction Needs Maintenance	Collection for reuse			
2.	Gas Collection Wells, Mar Good condition Remarks	nifolds and Piping Needs Maintenance	⊠N/A			
3.	Gas Monitoring Facilities Good condition Remarks	(e.g., gas monitoring of Needs Maintenance	f adjacent homes or buildir ⊠ N/A	ngs)		
F. Co	ver Drainage Layer	Applicable	🗵 N/A			
1.	Outlet Pipes Inspected Remarks	Functioning	N/A			
2.	Outlet Rock Inspected Remarks	Functioning	N/A			
G. De	tention/Sedimentation Ponds	s Applicable	🗵 N/A			
1.	Siltation Areal extension Siltation not evident Remarks	ent D	Depth	N/A		
2.	Erosion Areal extension not evident Remarks	ent D	Depth			
3.	Outlet Works Remarks	Functioning	N/A			
4.	Dam Remarks	Functioning	N/A			

H. Ret	H. Retaining Walls Applicable 🗵 N/A					
1.	Deformations Horizontal displacement Rotational displacement Remarks	Location shown on site map Deformation not evident Vertical displacement	_			
2.	Degradation Remarks	Location shown on site map Degradation not evident				
I. Peri	meter Ditches/Off-Site Disc	harge Applicable 🛛 N/A				
1.	Siltation Locatio Areal extent	n shown on site map Siltation not evident Depth				
2.	Vegetative Growth Vegetation does not impe Areal extent Remarks	Location shown on site map N/A de flow Type				
3.	Erosion Areal extent Remarks	Location shown on site map Erosion not evidentDepth				
4.	Discharge Structure Remarks	Functioning N/A				
	VIII. VERT	ICAL BARRIER WALLS Applicable 🖾 N/A				
1.	Settlement Areal extent Remarks	Location shown on site map Settlement not evident Depth				
2.	Performance Monitoring Performance not monitore Frequency Head differential Remarks	Type of monitoring d Evidence of breaching				

	IX. GROUNDWATER/SURFACE WATER REMEDIES Applicable 🖾 N/A
A. G	Froundwater Extraction Wells, Pumps, and Pipelines Applicable N/A
1.	Pumps, Wellhead Plumbing, and Electrical Good condition All required wells properly operating Needs Maintenance N/A Remarks:
2.	Extraction System Pipelines, Valves, Valve Boxes, and Other Appurtenances Good condition Needs Maintenance Remarks
3.	Spare Parts and Equipment Readily available Good condition Requires upgrade Needs to be provided Remarks:
B. S	urface Water Collection Structures, Pumps, and Pipelines Applicable 🖾 N/A
1.	Collection Structures, Pumps, and ElectricalGood conditionNeeds MaintenanceRemarks
2.	Surface Water Collection System Pipelines, Valves, Valve Boxes, and Other Appurtenances Good condition Needs Maintenance Remarks
3.	Spare Parts and Equipment Readily available Good condition Requires upgrade Needs to be provided Remarks

С. Т	reatment System	⊠ Applicable	N/A		
1.	Treatment Train (Che Metals removal Air stripping Filters	ck components that a Oil/water separ ⊠ Carbon adsorb	pply) ration ers	Bioremediation	n
	Additive (<i>e.g.</i> , chelat	ion agent, flocculent)			
	Good condition Sampling ports prope Sampling/maintenanc Equipment properly i Quantity of groundwa	Needs Maintena rly marked and funct e log displayed and u dentified ater treated annually	ance ional ip to date	-	
	Remarks: <u>The site main</u>	ntains facilities for the	e collection	and treatment of contai	ned storm water.
2.	Electrical Enclosures a N/A ⊠ Go Remarks	and Panels (properly ood condition	rated and fu Need	inctional) s Maintenance	
3.	Tanks, Vaults, Storag ⊠ N/A Go Remarks:	e Vessels od condition	Proper see	condary containment	Needs Maintenance
4.	Discharge Structure a N/A ⊠ Go Remarks	nd Appurtenances ood condition	Need	s Maintenance	
5.	Treatment Building(s) ⊠ N/A Go Chemicals and equips Remarks	od condition (esp. roo ment properly stored	of and doorw	vays) Needs	s repair
6.	Monitoring Wells (pur ⊠ Properly secured/loc ⊠All required wells loc Remarks: <u>See Photogra</u>	np and treatment rem ked ⊠ Funct cated Needs aphs 6, 21 and 26, Ap	edy) ioning ⊠ Maintenanc pendix E, S	Routinely sampled e ite Photographs	⊠ Good condition N/A
D. Monitoring Data					
1.	Monitoring Data ⊠ Is routinely submitte	d on time	⊠ Is of	acceptable quality	
2.	Monitoring data sugges ⊠ Groundwater plume	ts: is effectively containe	ed Cont	aminant concentrations	are declining

D. Monitored Natural Attenuation					
1.	Monitoring Wells (natural attenuation remedy) Image: Properly secured/locked Image: Functioning Routinely sampled Image: Good condition Image: All required wells located Needs Maintenance N/A Remarks: See Figure 4, Brooklawn OU Monitoring Well Locations and Drawing SC-02-100, Scenic Monitoring Well and Piezometer Locations, in Appendix F. X. OTHER REMEDIES				
	If there are remedies applied at the site which are not covered above, attach an inspection sheet describing the physical nature and condition of any facility associated with the remedy. An example would be soil vapor extraction.				
	XI. OVERALL OBSERVATIONS				
A.	Implementation of the Remedy				
	Describe issues and observations relating to whether the remedy is effective and functioning as designed. Begin with a brief statement of what the remedy is to accomplish (i.e., to contain contaminant plume, minimize infiltration and gas emission, etc.).				
	The following RA have been selected and constructed to be protective of human health and the environment. Source control and protective coverings at the site have reduced the risks associated with ingestion, inhalation, and dermal contact with site contaminants through surface water and sediment pathways for both human and biota receptors. Placement of a protective fill in the BBR distributaries has reduced risk, discovered during an EPA commissioned risk assessment, to acceptable levels. The MNA remedy through implementation of the monitoring plan at the Brooklawn OU has been shown to be protective of the down gradient receptors at the probable POE. Sampling of sediments in BBR south of the Scenic OU have demonstrated that the RA of natural recovery is effective. The recently approved RA of Enhanced Attenuation is being implemented at the Scenic OU. Finally, administrative controls to limit access to the PPI site are in place and continue to be effective in limiting entry to approved site personnel.				
B.	Adequacy of O&M				
	Describe issues and observations related to the implementation and scope of O&M procedures. In particular, discuss their relationship to the current and long-term protectiveness of the remedy.				
	Operation and maintenance of the facility has been effective in maintaining the integrity of the protective coverings at both the Brooklawn and Scenic OU. The PPI site is inspected daily by site personnel and maintenance items area noted and corrective actions are taken as needed. These maintenance records are maintained onsite. The filled and graded former waste disposal areas have sufficient grass coverings and are frequently mowed to prevent unwanted shrub growth. Requirements of the Brooklawn OU long term monitoring plan specify the inspection of the protective fill in the BBR distributaries channels to ensure its integrity. Recent repairs to the site is documented in Photographs 10 and 27 – 30, in Appendix E.				

C.	Early Indicators of Potential Remedy Problems: <u>None apparent.</u>		
	Describe issues and observations such as unexpected changes in the cost or scope of O&M or a high frequency of unscheduled repairs, that suggest that the protectiveness of the remedy may be compromised in the future.		
D.	Opportunities for Optimization: <u>None apparent.</u>		
	Describe possible opportunities for optimization in monitoring tasks or the operation of the remedy.		

CAPITAL CITY PRESS

Publisher of THE ADVOCATE

CDD.20101228.001 ENV.20110201.001

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FEB 07 2011

NPC SERVICES INC.

PROOF OF PUBLICATION

The hereto attached notice was published in THE ADVOCATE, a daily newspaper of general circulation published in Baton Rouge, Louisiana, and the Official Journal of the State of Louisiana, City of Baton Rouge, and Parish of East Baton Rouge, in the following issues:

<u>02/01/11</u>

Susań A. Bush, Public Notice Clerk

Sworn and subscribed before me by the person whose signature appears above

February 1, 2011

M. Monic McChristian, Notary Public ID# 88293 State of Louisiana My Commission Expires: Indefinite 17



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NPC SERVICES PETRO PROCESSORS SITE 2401 BROOKLAWN DR BATON ROUGE LA 70807

